

Analyzing & Testing

Accessories for Differential Scanning Calorimeters and Thermobalances

Crucibles, Sensors, Sample Carriers, Calibration Kits for DSC, TGA and STA Systems



Introduction – Table of Contents

Accessories for Thermal Analysis – DSC/DTA, TGA and STA

At NETZSCH, we always strive to be a step ahead. We place as much importance on the development and production of accessories as on that of new instruments. Accessories in contact with the sample or in close proximity to it require special attention. Potential reactions between the sample material and instrument parts must be prevented while ensuring that the test results remain reliable and accurate. For these reasons, one of our primary areas of focus is crucibles and sensors for DTA/DSC, TGA and STA instruments.

This catalogue provides an overview of all such crucibles and sensors for DTA, DSC, TGA and STA measurements. You will find many different crucible materials listed, and a variety of types

and special shapes. From among these, we can help you find the right crucible size and material for any application, be it standard or special. In addition to standard aluminum crucibles, our portfolio includes autoclaves with low to medium or high pressure-tightness, as well as ones for determining the oxidative-induction time (OIT) and solid fat index (SFI). We offer crucibles made of ceramics or metals covering a wide temperature range. In the high-temperature range, special TGA and DTA crucibles, slip-on plates, meshes and baskets are available to accommodate specific sample dimensions and densities.

Lately, the demand for special crucibles has been increasing. Of course,

measurements can only be carried out when the right sensor or sample carrier for these special crucibles is available. We have therefore listed these special cases here, often providing application examples to demonstrate their characteristic advantages.

Our accessories can open up a world of possibilities for your thermoanalytical needs. It is our hope that this catalogue will serve to acquaint you with these. If you have any questions, or if you require something specific which you cannot find in the following tables, please simply contact us – NETZSCH welcomes the challenge of working out a solution tailored to your application, and we are always happy to hear from you.

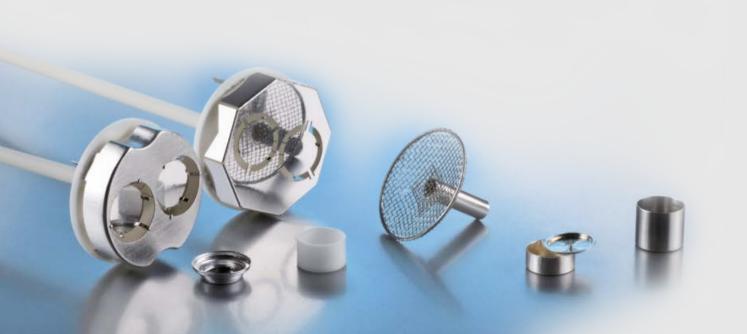




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Selection of Crucibles

Crucibles and Their Selection

Crucibles and their lids are made of materials resistant to high temperatures, usually porcelain or an inert metal.
Ceramics such as alumina, zirconia, and especially magnesia will tolerate the highest temperatures. One of the first metals used in crucible production was platinum; more recently, metals

such as nickel and zirconium have also been used. The type of crucible used for thermoanalytical measurements can have a strong influence on the measurement results obtained.

Additionally, the crucible can also influence the characteristics of the instrument's measuring cell.





Important Factors for Selection of Suitable DSC, TGA and STA Crucibles for Your Sample

- The DSC crucible should have a flat bottom and be made of a material with a high thermal conductivity. This guarantees optimum heat transfer and low temperature gradients between the sample, crucible and sensor.
- The crucible should be made of an inert material in order to prevent reactions with the sample in the programmed temperature range. Exceptions are crucibles for which a catalytic effect on the sample is desired (e.g., copper crucible for OIT tests, etc.).
- The crucible should not exhibit any phase transitions or other effects

- in the programmed temperature range; the melting point or fusion temperature must exceed the maximum application temperature to a sufficient degree.
- The dimension, shape and specific heat of the crucible should be optimized to achieve and/or maintain the highest caloric sensitivity and lowest time constant for the measuring system. Optimized parameters will result in sharp, well-defined and clearly separated peaks.
- Crucibles should be reusable, especially special ones for specific applications.

Sample Material

Crucible Volume Atmosphere

Temperature Range

CRUCIBLE SELECTION

Automatic Sample Changer

Sample Compatibility
Test Method

Standard Aluminum Crucibles

Crucibles for the DSC 204 *F1* Phoenix®, DSC 200 *F3* Maia®, DSC 3500 Sirius and DSC 214 Polyma

The following tables list the crucibles for the low-temperature DSC systems DSC 204 *F1* Phoenix®, DSC 200 *F3* Maia®, DSC 3500 Sirius and DSC 214 Polyma. Many of these crucibles can also be used for the high-temperature DSC and STA systems and can be found in those tables as well.

Please note that the temperatures listed indicate the maximum temperature ranges of the crucible material but not of the DSC systems.

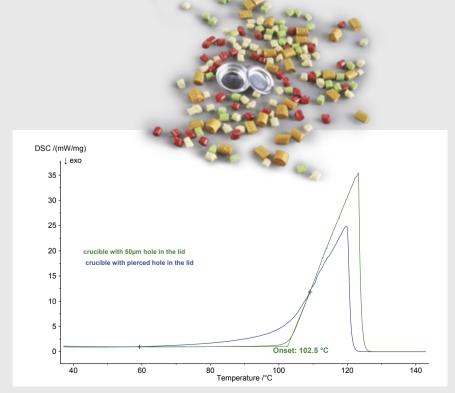
Some of the crucibles made of aluminum can be cold-welded with a

sealing press. The standard Al crucibles and lids can be sealed to obtain a volume of either 40 μ l or 25 μ l by simply reversing the lid. This ensures that samples of various shapes, such as pellets or fibers, can make optimum contact with the crucible bottom.

The premium *Concavus* pans have a unique geometry which features a concave bottom. The pans are delivered in the antistatic 3in1 Box. This elaborate packing prevents deformation of the pans, while allowing easy access of them and providing a fully functional archiving system.

For special applications such as boiling point determination for volatile substances or gypsum investigations, Al lids with a laser-cut hole (50 µm) can be used. The lids can be cold-welded to the standard Al crucible.

Our high-pressure crucibles are capable of withstanding a maximum of 100 bar of internal pressure. A single sealing tool handles the job identically for all high-pressure crucible varieties. Each crucible comes with a seal. The gold seals will be expended but can be ordered separately in order to continue using the crucible. The medium-pressure crucible withstands pressures up to 20 bar.



Using Al crucibles and lid with laser-cut hole (ø 50-µm hole) suppresses evaporation of solvents and other volatiles. Furthermore, these lids can be used for gypsum investigations.

Al Lid with Laser-Cut Hole

Evaporation of volatile substances usually starts before the boiling point of the volatile is reached. This measurement shows that the evaporation of water can be suppressed by using a cold weldable aluminum lid with a defined hole (ø 50 µm, green curve). The comparison measurement uses a lid with a punched hole. Here, evaporation already begins at slightly above 60°C (blue curve). Cold weldable lids with laser-cut holes can also be used for gypsum applications. The separation of dihydrate (DH) and half hydrate (HH) can be achieved.



Standard Crucibles Made of Aluminum for the DSC 204 F1 Phoenix®, DSC 200 F3 Maia®, DSC 3500 Sirius and DSC 214 Polyma

D3C 2171	Olyllia				
Material (Purity)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6 mm; 25/40 µl*	Set of 100 pcs., cold weldable**	6.239.2-64.5.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6 mm; 25/40 µl*	Set of 500 pcs., cold weldable**	6.239.2-64.51.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible	ø 6 mm; 25/40 µl*	100 pieces	6.239.2-64.5.01
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Lid		Set of 100 pcs. for 6.239.2-64.5.01	6.239.2-64.5.02
AI (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid with laser-cut hole (50 µm)	ø 6 mm; 40 µl	Set of 100 pcs., cold weldable**	6.239.2-64.8.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid with laser-cut hole (50 µm)	ø 6 mm; 40 µl	Set of 500 pcs., cold weldable**	6.239.2-64.81.00
AI (99.5)	Max. 600°C	96 <i>Concavus</i> pans and lids***	ø 5 mm; 30/40 μl	3in1 Box (archiving system)	DSC21400A66.010.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 5 mm; 30/40 µl	Set of 5x96 pieces incl. 3in1 box	DSC21400A66.020-00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Concavus pan***	ø 5 mm; 30/40 μl	96 pieces including 3in1 box	NGB814672
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Concavus lid***		Set of 96 pieces	NGB814673
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 5 mm; 30/40 μl	Set of <i>Concavus</i> pans and lids, 100 pieces each, without tray	DSC21400A66.030-00
AI (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 5 mm; 30/40 μl	Set of <i>Concavus</i> pans and lids, 500 pieces each, without tray	DSC21400A66.040-00
AI (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid with laser- cut hole (50 µm)	ø 5 mm; 30/40	Set of 100 <i>Concavus</i> pcs. + lid, cold weldable**	DSC21400A66.050-00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Lid with laser-cut hole (50 µm)		Pierced lids for <i>Concavus</i> crucibles, 100 pcs.	DSC21400A66.051-00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Slide-in lid		For Concavus pans; allows sample to be pressed onto crucible bottom, set of 100 pcs., especially for foils and fibers; requires tool kit DSC21400A80.030-00 for sealing press 6.240.10-80.0.00A	NGB815051
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible	ø 6.7mm; 85 μl	Set of 100 pieces	NGB810405
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Set		2 x 3in1 boxes, <i>Concavus</i> sealing tool, <i>Concavus</i> calibration set	DSC21400A91.010-00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Lid		100 pieces, for NGB810405	NGB810406

- * Crucible volumes of either 25 μl or 40 μl can be achieved by simply reversing the lid.

 ** One and the same sealing press is capable of sealing all standard Al crucibles; order no. 6.240.10-80.0.00A.

 ***Using *Concavus* pans with ASC instrument which were delivered before 2014 may require re-adjustment of the ASC gripper.













Slide-in lid for Concavus pan; for demonstration purposes, the covers are colored



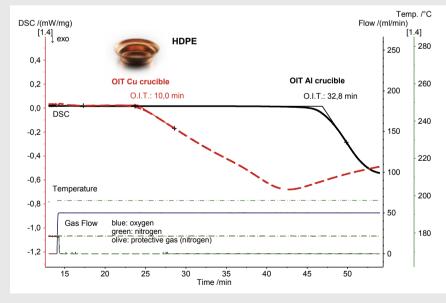
Crucibles for General and Special Applications

Crucibles for General Applications – DSC 204 *F1 Phoenix*®, DSC 200 *F3 Maia*®, DSC 3500 *Sirius* and DSC 214 *Polyma*

Material (Purity)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 85 µl		GB399972
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For GB399972	GB399973
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm / 85 μl		GB399974
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Lid		For GB399974	GB399975
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 85 µl		GB399205
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 190 µl		NGB801556
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For GB399205 and NGB801556	GB399860
Gold (99.9)	Max. 900°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6.7 mm / 85 μl		6.225.6-93.3.00
Silver	Max. 750°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6.7 mm / 85 µl		6.225.6-93.4.00



Ampoules made of Duran glass or fused silica are available.



Comparison of the oxidative-induction time in open copper and aluminum crucibles.

Influence of the Crucible on the Oxidative-Induction Time (OIT)

The oxidative-induction time (OIT) can be determined in standard aluminum or in open copper crucibles in accordance with ASTM D3895.

This plot represents an OIT measurement of HDPE carried out in open copper (red) and Al (black) crucible respectively. It can clearly be seen that, under isothermal conditions, oxidation of HDPE begins approximately 23 min earlier in the copper crucible than in the Al crucible.



Special crucibles made of copper and aluminum for OIT tests



Special Crucibles for Special Applications – DSC 204 *F1 Phoenix*®, DSC 200 *F3 Maia*®, DSC 3500 *Sirius* and DSC 214 *Polyma*

Material (Purity)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number	
Cu	Max. 600°C	Crucible	ø 6 mm / 25/40 µl	For OIT measurements according to ASTM D3895 (Oxidative-Induction Time), Set of 25	6.239.2-64.6.00	
Duran glass	Max. 600°C	Ampoule	80 µl	Set of 100, not available for DSC 214 <i>Polyma</i> , after sealing ampoule length ≈19 mm	6.240.1-93.2.00	
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Ampoule	80 µl	After sealing ampoule length ≈ 19 mm	NGB815223	
For DSC 204 F1 : Auxiliary kit for glass ampoules		 Small welder with 	 Seal-off support for glass ampoules Small welder with butane and oxygen gas bottles Inner lid for measuring cell for use with glass ampoules 			
For DSC 200 F3 Maia®: Auxiliary kit for glass ampoules		 Small welder with 	 Seal-off support for glass ampoules Small welder with butane and oxygen gas bottles Inner lid for measuring cell for use with glass ampoules 			
For DSC 204 F1 Phoenix® with T-sensor and DSC 214 Polyma: AI (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm / 85 μl	Especially for determination of the OIT of lubricants and grease in accordance to ASTM D5483-5 and Solid Fat Index (SFI) in accordance to ASTM D6186 Required accessories to obtain OIT/SFI crucible design: Sealing press 6.240.10-80.0.00A Stamping toolkit 6.240.10-84.0.00 Lid NGB810406	NGB810405	

Sealing Press, Sample Preparation and Pressure-Tight Crucibles

Sealing Press/Tools

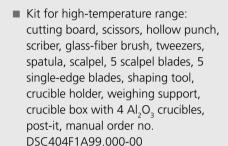
- The sealing press (order no. 6.240.10-80.0.00A) can be equipped with five toolkits for sealing and stamping of different crucible types:
 - Toolkit for Concavus pan: order no. 6.240.10-85.0.00
 - Toolkit for Al crucible: order no. 6.240.10-81.0.00
 - Toolkit for low-pressure Al crucible: order no. 6.240.10-82.0.00
 - Toolkit for sealing of mediumpressure crucibles: order no. 6.240.10-83.0.00
 - Stamping toolkit 6.240.10-84.0.00 for SFI crucible NGB810405
 - Toolkit for inserting slidein lid (order no. NGB815051) into Concavus pan: order no. DSC21400A80.030-00
- Sealing tool for the high-pressure crucibles, order no. 6.239.2-92.4.00



Sample Preparation

For the sample preparation, we offer two kits for the low- and hightemperature range:

■ Kit for low-temperature range: cutting board, scissors, hollow punch, scriber, glass-fiber brush, tweezers, spatula, scalpel, 5 scalpel blades, 5 single-edge blades, ball pen, post-it, space for business card of the NETZSCH contact, manual order no. 6.240.12-99.0.00





- SampleCutter tool for cutting and creating of plane-non-metallic samples (e.g., polymer granulates), order no. NGB814695
 - 10 spare blades for SampleCutter, order no. NGB 814821



Crucibles Made of Aluminum - Low-Pressure*

Material (Purity)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/Volume/ Pressure	Remarks	Order Number
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + Lid	ø 6 mm / 35 μl; 3 bar	Set of 100 pieces, cold weldable	6.240.10-65.1.00
AI (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + Lid	ø 6 mm / 35 μl; 3 bar	Set of 500 pieces, cold weldable	6.240.10-65.11.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible	ø 6 mm / 35 μl; 3 bar	100 pieces	NGB810419
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Lid	For crucibles of ø 6 mm	100 pieces	NGB810420

^{*}Please note, the low-pressure crucibles made of Al are not available for the automatic sample changer (ASC) for 192 sample pans.

Medium- aı	nd High-Pressur	e Crucibles			
Material (Purity)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume/Pressure	Remarks	Order Number
CrNi steel (AISI 304)	Max. 250°C	Crucible + lid + elastomer seal	120 µl; 20 bar	Set of 25 pieces; seal made of FPM	6.240.1-68.1.00
O-ring seal	Max. 230°C	O-ring	Max. 20 bar	Seal made of PCTFE	NGB801765
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, gold-plated surface, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 µl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.3.00
CrNi steel AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, gold-plated surface, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 µl, max. 100 bar	10 crucibles + 50 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.31.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, gold-plated surface, reusable	ø 6 mm, 100 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.8.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-93.3.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 μl, max. 100 bar	10 crucibles + 50 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-93.31.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 100 µl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-93.4.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 100 μl, max. 100 bar	10 crucible + 50 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-93.41.00
Fitanium Grade 4)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.6.00
Titanium (Grade 4)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 100 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.9.00
Au seals Au 585)	Max. 500°C	For all high-pressu	6.240.1-91.1.00		
Sealing press			5.239.2-92.3.00, -92.31.0 , -93.3.00, -93.31.00, -93		6.239.2-92.4.00





Medium-pressure crucible (right) and high-pressure crucible (left)

Crucibles for Operation with the Automatic Sample Changer (ASC)

Crucibles for DSC 200 <i>F3 Maia®</i> , DSC 3500 <i>Sirius</i> and DSC 214 <i>Polyma</i> in ASC Operation					
Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper DSC 200 <i>F3</i> (TG 209 <i>F3</i>)	Carousel Standard Crucibles	Carousel Large Crucibles	Order Number	
Al (99.5), 30/40 μl (<i>Concavus</i> pan)	X*	х	х	DSC21400A66.010.00	
Crucible with welded lid	X*	X	Х		
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl	X	X	Х	6.239.2-64.5.00	
Crucible with welded lid	X	X	X		
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl (500/pkg.)	Х	X	X	6.239.2-64.51.00	
Crucible with welded lid	X	X	X		
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl	Х	X	Х	6.239.2-64.8.00	
Crucible and lid with laser-cut-hole	Χ	X	X		
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl (500/pkg.)	Х	X	X	6.239.2-64.81.00	
Crucible and lid with laser-cut-hole	X	X	X		
Al (99.5), low-pressure, 35 μl	Х	X	Х	6.240.10-65.1.00	
Crucible with welded lid	X	Χ	X		
CrNi steel (AISI 304), medium-pressure, 120 µl, 20 bar	X	X	Only for manual operation	6.240.1-68.1.00	
Crucible with lid	X	X			
Copper, 25 µl	X	Х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-64.6.00	
CrNi steel (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 27 µl, gold-plated, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.3.00	
CrNi steel (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 27 μ l, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-93.3.00	
CrNi (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 100 µl, gold-plated, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.8.00	
CrNi (AlSI 316L), high-pressure, 100 µl, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-93.4.00	
Ti (Grade 4), high-pressure, 27 μl, 100 bar	x	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.6.00	
Ti (Grade 4), high-pressure, 100 μl, 100 bar	Х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.9.00	
Al ₃ O ₃ (99.7), ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	x	х	Only for manual operation	GB399972	
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	x	х		GB399973	
Fused silica, ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	GB399974	
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		GB399975	
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	GB399205	
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		GB399860	



Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper DSC 200 <i>F3</i> (TG 209 <i>F3</i>)	Carousel Standard Crucibles	Carousel Large Crucibles	Order Number
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 x 6 mm, 190 μl	X	Х	Only for manual operation	NGB801556
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	Х		GB399860
Al (99.5), ø 6.7 mm, 85 μl	X	Х	Only for manual operation	NGB810405
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	X		NGB810406
Graphite, ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	х	Х	Only for manual operation	GB399956
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	X		GB399957
Gold (99.9), ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl,	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.3.00
Crucible with lid (99.9)	-	X		
Silver, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	х	Х	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.4.00
Crucible with lid	-	X		
ZrO ₂ , ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	х	Х	Only for manual operation	GB397053
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	X		GB397052
Y ₂ O ₃ , ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	х	Х	Only for manual operation	NGB812636
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	X	X		NGB812635
MgO, ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	х	Х	Only for manual operation	NGB812639
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	X	x		NGB812637
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), ø 8 x 8 mm, 300 μl	х	-	Х	NGB803698
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	-	X	NGB808209
Pt/Rh/Al ₂ O ₃ system with lid	-	x	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.2.00

^{*} Using Concavus pans with ASC instrument which were delivered before 2014 may require re-adjustment of the ASC gripper.



Crucibles for Operation with the Automatic Sample Changer (ASC)

Crucibles for DSC 204 <i>F1 Phoenix</i> ® (TG 209 <i>F1 Libra</i> ®) in ASC Operation, possible for μ - and τ -sensor					
Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper DSC 204 <i>F1</i> (TG 209 <i>F1</i>)	Carousel Standard Crucibles	Carousel Large Crucibles	Order Number	
Al (99.5), 30/40 µl (<i>Concavus</i> pan)	X*	х	X	DSC21400A66.010.00	
Crucible with welded lid	X*	x	X		
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl	х	х	Х	6.239.2-64.5.00	
Crucible with welded lid	X	X	X		
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl (500/pkg.)	х	х	Х	6.239.2-64.51.00	
Crucible with welded lid	X	X	X		
ΑΙ (99.5), 25/40 μΙ	x	х	Х	6.239.2-64.8.00	
Crucible and lid with laser-cut-hole	X	X	X		
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl (500/pkg.)	x	х	Х	6.239.2-64.81.00	
Crucible and lid with laser-cut-hole	Х	X	X		
Al (99.5), low-pressure, 35 μl	X	Х	Х	6.240.10-65.1.00	
Crucible with welded lid	х	Х	X		
CrNi steel (AISI 304), medium-pressure, 120 µl, 20 bar	-	Х	Only for manual operation	6.240.1-68.1.00	
Crucible with lid	-	X			
Copper, 25 µl	X	X	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-64.6.00	
CrNi steel (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 27 µl, gold-plated, 100 bar	х	Х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.3.00	
CrNi steel (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 27 µl, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-93.3.00	
CrNi (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 100 µl, gold-plated, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.8.00	
CrNi (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 100 µl, 100 bar	х	x	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-93.4.00	
Ti (Grade 4), high-pressure, 27 µl, 100 bar	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.6.00	
Ti (Grade 4), high-pressure, 100 μl, 100 bar	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.9.00	



Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper DSC 204 <i>F1</i> (TG 209 <i>F1</i>)	Carousel Standard Crucibles	Carousel Large Crucibles	Order Number
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	Х	Only for manual operation	GB399972
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	Х	x		GB399973
Fused silica, ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	Х	х	Only for manual operation	GB399974
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		GB399975
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	X	x	Only for manual operation	GB399205
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		GB399860
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	X	X	Only for manual operation	NGB801556
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		GB399860
Al (99.5), ø 6.7 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	NGB810405
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		NGB810406
Graphite, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	GB399956
Crucible with lid	-	x		GB399957
Gold, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.3.00
Crucible with lid	-	x		
Silver, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.4.00
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		
ZrO ₂ , ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	GB397053
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		GB397052
Y ₂ O ₃ , ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	Х	Only for manual operation	NGB812636
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	х	x		NGB812635
MgO, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	NGB812639
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	х	x		NGB812637
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), ø 8 x 8 mm, 300 μl	-	-	X	NGB803698
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	-	Х	NGB808209
Pt/Rh/Al ₂ O ₃ system with lid	-	x	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.2.00

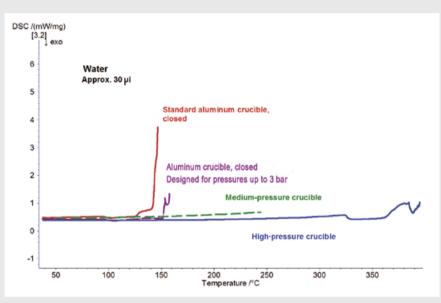
^{*} Using Concavus pans with ASC instrument which were delivered before 2014 may require re-adjustment of the ASC gripper.



Special Crucibles for Special Applications

Internal Pressure Capabilities of Sealed Al, Fine Steel, and CrNi Steel Crucibles

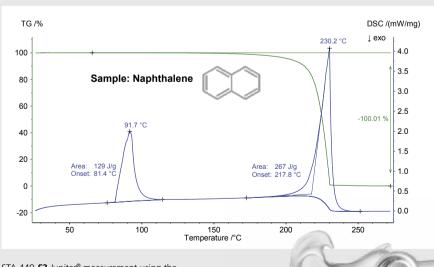
A material's potential reaction and/or type of investigation being conducted (e.g., denaturation of starch, curing of phenolic resin), may warrant the use of crucibles capable of certain levels of internal pressure. The plot shows four measurements on water, of approximately 30 µl each, in different crucible types: Al standard, Al low-pressure (max. 3 bar), fine steel medium-pressure, and CrNi steel autoclaves. It can be observed that the standard Al crucible starts to leak at approximately 125°C, while the low-pressure Al pan opens above 150°C when water is trapped inside. The mediumpressure crucibles (20 bar) withstand the inner pressure increase up to their maximum temperature. The high-pressure crucibles begin to leak around 300°C.



Comparison of measurements done in crucibles capable of withstanding various levels of internal pressure

Melting and Boiling Point Determination for a Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), such as naphthalene, are formed during natural and anthropogenic processes like volcanic eruptions, forest fires, etc. They are released into the atmosphere and, due to their hydrophobicity, accumulate in soil and may enter into the food chain. This measurement was designed to determine the melting and boiling point of naphthalene. A sealed Al crucible with a 50-µm laser-cut hole was used. At an extrapolated onset temperature of 81°C, melting occurred with an enthalpy of 129 J/g. A mass-loss step of 100% took place between 150°C and 230°C; this reflects evaporation of the sample. This effect was accompanied by an endothermic DSC peak with an enthalpy of 267 J/g and an extrapolated onset of 218°C. The latter reflects the boiling point of naphthalene. These results correspond to the nominal values.



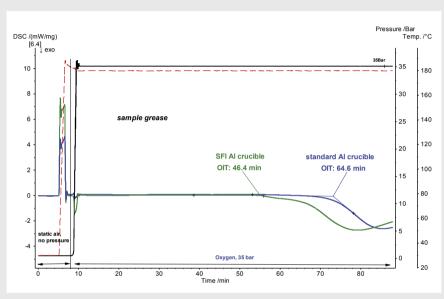
STA 449 **F3** Jupiter® measurement using the TGA-DSC sensor for determination of the melting and boiling points of naphthalene (sample mass 22.66 mg, heating rate 10 K/min, 70 ml/min nitrogen atmosphere)

Al crucible with laser-cut Al lid



Oxidative-Induction Time (OIT) and Solid Fat Index (SFI) Tests on Lubricating Greases

Grease and wax samples can be prepared with more consistent surface areas when using SFI crucibles instead of flat-bottom crucibles. The results show an increased reproducibility. In this example, an OIT measurement on grease was carried out with the DSC 204 HP Phoenix® with a standard Al crucible and the SFI crucible under an oxygen pressure of 35 bar as per ASTM D5483-5. The difference in the OIT is clearly visible. The oxidative-induction time of the grease in the SFI crucible is approximately 21 min shorter than the one in the standard Al crucible. This effect results from the more consistent sample surface area made possible by use of the SFI crucible.



Oxidation stability in two different Al crucibles



SFI crucible for an OIT test of lubricants and greases on special stamping tool for sealing press 6.240.10-80.0.00A

Crucibles for General Applications

Crucibles for the TG 209 F1 Libra® and TG 209 F3 Tarsus®

The TG 209 **F1** Libra® and TG 209 **F3** Tarsus® both offer sample carriers for regular and large sample masses, guaranteeing broad applications in the temperature range from room temperature to 1000°C and 1100°C, respectively.

A large variety of crucibles is available to cover the temperature range for different materials, including large crucibles required for substances with a high sample mass and low density (e.g., foams, aerogels, etc.).





Crucibles for General Applications – TG 209 F1 Libra® and TG 209 F3 Tarsus®

Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 85 µl		GB399972
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For GB399972	GB399973
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm / 85 μl		GB399974
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Lid		For GB399974	GB399975
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 85 µl		GB399205
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For GB399205 and NGB801556	GB399860
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 190 μl		NGB801556
Al (99.5)	Max. 610°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm / 85 µl	Set of 100 pieces	NGB810405
Al (99.5)	Max. 610°C	Lid		For NGB810405	NGB810406
Gold (99.9)	Max. 900°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6.7 mm / 85 µl		6.225.6-93.3.00
Silver	Max. 750°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6.7 mm / 85 µl		6.225.6-93.4.00
ZrO ₂	Max. 2000°C	Crucible	85 µl	CaO-stabilized	GB397053
ZrO ₂	Max. 2000°C	Lid		For GB397053	GB397052
Graphite	Max. 2200°C	Crucible	85 µl		GB399956
Graphite	Max. 2200°C	Lid		For GB399956	GB399957
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.8)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 9 mm, height 7 mm, volume 350 μl	Sample holder for large samples required	NGB800453
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.8)	Max. 1700°C	Lid			NGB800454
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 8 mm, height 8 mm, volume 300 µl	Sample holder for large samples required, ASC-compatible	NGB803698
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For crucible NGB803698	NGB808209



Large crucible made of ${\rm Al_2O_3}$, volume 350 ul



Large crucible made of Al_2O_3 , volume 300 ul



Crucibles made of Pt

Crucibles for Operation with the Automatic Sample Changer (ASC)

Crucibles for TG 209 <i>F1 Libra</i> ® (& D	SC 204 F1 Phoei	າ <i>ix</i> ®) in ASC Op	eration	
Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper TG 209 F1 (DSC 204 F1)	Carousel Standard Crucibles	Carousel Large Crucibles	Order Number
Al (99.5), 30/40 μl (<i>Concavus</i> pan)*	X*	Х	Х	DSC21400A66.010-00
Crucible with welded lid	Х	X	X	
ΑΙ (99.5), 25/40 μΙ	Х	X	X	6.239.2-64.5.00
Crucible with welded lid	х	X	Х	
ΑΙ (99.5), 25/40 μΙ	Х	X	X	6.239.2-64.8.00
Crucible and lid with laser-cut-hole	X	Х	Х	
Al (99.5), low-pressure, 35 μl	Х	X	Х	6.240.10-65.1.00
Crucible with welded lid	X	X	X	
CrNi steel (AISI 304), medium-pressure, 120 µl, 20 bar	-	x	Only for manual operation	6.240.1-68.1.00
Crucible with lid	-	X		
Copper, 25 µl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-64.6.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 27 µl, gold-plated, 100 bar	х	x	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.3.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 27 μ l, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-93.3.00
CrNi (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 100 µl, gold-plated, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.8.00
CrNi (AlSI 316L), high-pressure, 100 µl, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-93.4.00
Ti (Grade 4), high-pressure, 27 μl, 100 bar	х	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.6.00
Ti (Grade 4), high-pressure, 100 μl, 100 bar	х	Х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.9.00
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), 6.8 mm, 85 μl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	GB399972
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		GB399973
Fused silica, ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	GB399974
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		GB399975

^{*} DSC21400A66.020-00: Set with 5 x 96 pans/lids

Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper TG 209 <i>F1</i> (DSC 204 <i>F1</i>)	Carousel Standard Crucibles	Carousel Large Crucibles	Order Number
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	GB399205
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	X		GB399860
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 x 6 mm, 190 μl	Х	х	Only for manual operation	NGB801556
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		GB399860
Al (99.5), ø 6.7 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	NGB810405
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		NGB810406
Graphite, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	GB399956
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	x		GB399957
Gold, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	Х	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.3.00
Crucible with lid	-	x		
Silver, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	Х	х	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.4.00
Crucible with lid	-	х		
ZrO ₂ , ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	Х	x	Only for manual operation	GB397053
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		GB397052
Y ₂ O ₃ , ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	NGB812636
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	Х	х		NGB812635
MgO, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	x	Only for manual operation	NGB812639
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	х	х		NGB812637
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), ø 8 x 8 mm, 300 μl	X	-	Х	NGB803698
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	-	Х	NGB808209
Pt/Rh/Al ₂ O ₃ system with lid	-	x	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.2.00

^{*} Using Concavus pans with ASC instrument which were delivered before 2014 may require re-adjustment of the ASC gripper.



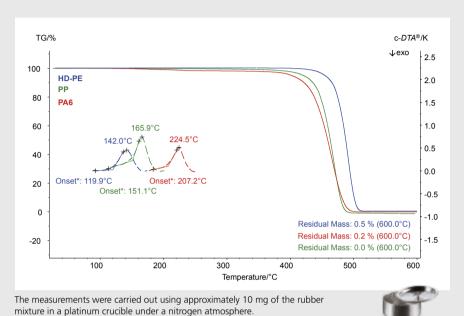
Crucibles for Operation with the Automatic Sample Changer – Applications

Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper TG 209 <i>F3</i> (DSC 200 <i>F3</i>)	Carousel Standard Crucibles	Carousel Large Crucibles	Order Number
Al (99.5), 30/40 μl (<i>Concavus</i> pan)	X*	X	X	DSC21400A66.010.00
Crucible with welded lid	X	Х	Х	
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	х	х	Only for manual operation	GB399972
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	X	X		GB399973
Fused silica, ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	X	х	Only for manual operation	GB399974
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	X		GB399975
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	X	х	Only for manual operation	GB399205
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		GB399860
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 x 6 mm, 190 µl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	NGB801556
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		GB399860
Al (99.5), ø 6.7 mm, 85 μl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	NGB810405
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		NGB810406
Graphite, ø 6.8mm, 85 µl	Х	X	Only for manual operation	GB399956
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		GB399957
Gold (99.9), ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.3.00
Crucible with lid (99.9)	-	х		
Silver, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.4.00
Crucible with lid	-	х		
ZrO ₃ , ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	Х	Х	Only for manual operation	GB397053
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	х		GB397052
Y ₂ O ₃ , ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	х	х	Only for manual operation	NGB812636
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	x	х		NGB812635
MgO, ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	х	х	Only for manual operation	NGB812639
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	X	х		NGB812637
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), ø 8 x 8 mm, 300 μl	х	-	Х	NGB803698
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	-	X	NGB808209
Pt/Rh/Al ₂ O ₃ system with lid	-	x	Only for manual operation	6.225.6-93.2.00

^{*} Using Concavus pans with ASC instrument which were delivered before 2014 may require re-adjustment of the ASC gripper.

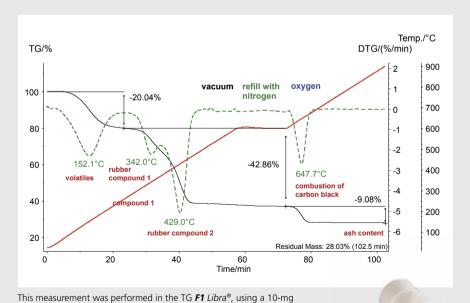
Please note:

Other crucibles suitable for ASC operation are listed in the ASC table for the DSC 200 *F3 Maia*®, DSC 3500 *Sirius* and DSC 214 *Polyma*, see page 12



c-DTA® for Polymer Identification

HD-PE, PP and PA 6 exhibit very similar decomposition behavior with regard to temperature and residual mass, which makes it difficult to distinguish between them. However, when using the TGA sensor for c-DTA® calibration in combination with a platinum crucible, the characteristic melting peaks of these components can be monitored – even in a TGA system. The melting peak detected at 142°C can be clearly ascribed to HD-PE; the peak at 166°C, to PP; and the peak at 225°C, to PA 6.



sample mass in an Al₂O₃ crucible.

Precise Determination of the Plasticizer Content of a Tire Mixture

The plasticizer content can be determined precisely by carrying out a TGA measurement under vacuum prior to the decomposition of the rubber mixture. Because the boiling point is depressed under vacuum, the release of the plasticizer at 152°C is clearly separated from the decomposition of the rubber – which consists of two compounds, as indicated by the DTG peaks at 342°C and 429°C. After the decomposition under vacuum, at 600°C, nitrogen is filled into the TGA system. After 20 min stabilization time, the atmosphere is changed to oxygen and the measurement proceeds at a linear heating rate (10 K/min). Under an oxygen atmosphere, carbon black immediately combusts to 9%. The residue in the crucible is the ash content, which was determined here to be 28%.

Crucibles for the STA 2500 Regulus



Crucibles for the STA 2500 Regulus

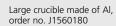
The STA 2500 Regulus is a standard simultaneous thermal analyzer with trendsetting technology. This top-loading unique differential balance

arrangement is delivered with slip-on plates which allow for nearly all kinds of sample pans. A large slip-on plate is available for a large volume crucible.

Crucibles, Lids/Caps and Slip-on Plates for the STA 2500 Regulus

Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension (ø x Height)/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Al (99.5)	600°C	Crucible	ø 5.2 x 2.6 mm / 45 µl	Set of 100 pieces	J1560179
Al (99.5)	600°C	Crucible	ø 5.2 x 5.1 mm / 95 μl	Large crucible, set of 100 pieces	J1560180
Al (99.5)	600°C	Lid	ø 4.8 mm	For Al crucibles, Set of 100 pieces	J1560184
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	1700°C	Crucible	ø 5.2 x 2.6 mm / 45 μl	Set of 2 pieces	J1560181
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	1700°C	Crucible	ø 5.2 x 5.1 mm / 95 μl	Large crucible, set of 2 pieces	J1560182
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	1700°C	Lid	ø 5.7 x 2.25 mm	For Al_2O_3 crucibles J1560181 and J1560182, set of 2 pieces	JA000981
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	1700°C	Crucible	ø 8.0 x 10.0 mm / 400 µl	Only available for large slip-on plate JA004734	JA004738
Pt (90/10)	1600°C	Crucible	ø 5.2 x 2.6 mm / 45 μl	Set of 2 pieces	J5900905
Pt (90/10)	1600°C	Crucible	ø 5.2 x 5.1 mm / 95 μl	Large crucible, set of 2 pieces	J5900879
Pt (90/10)	1600°C	Lid	ø 4.8	For Pt crucibles, set of 2 pieces	J5900906
		Reshaping tool for Pt cr	ucible		J7672306
Fused silica	1000°C	Crucible	ø 5.0 x 2.6 mm / 25 μl	Set of 10 pieces	J5900881
Fused silica	1000°C	Crucible	ø 5.0 x 5.1 mm / 55 μl	Set of 10 pieces	J1560183
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	1700°C	Slip-on-plate		Standard, set of 2 pieces	JA003598
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	1700°C	Corrosive slip-on-plate		Set of 2 pieces	J1670612
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	1700°C	Large volume slip-on-plate		For sample position	JA004734
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	1700°C	Large volume slip-on-plate		For reference position	JA004735
$Al_2O_3 + Pt$	1600°C	Flat slip-on-plate		set of 2 pieces, for crucibles with ø 6.8 mm	JA005724







Crucible made of Al_2O_3 , order no. J1560181



Large Al₂O₃ crucible, order no. J1560182



Lids made of Al₂O₃, order no. JA000981



Cucible and lid made of Al, order no. J1560179 and J1560184



Crucible made of fused silica, order no. J5900881

Spare parts of the STA 2500 Regulus

Spare parts	Remark	Order Number
Radiation shield	Standard version	JA003597
Radiation shield	Special version	JA004827
Sample carrier receiver		JA003596
TGA-DTA sample holder rod	Type P, 1100°C; set of 2 pieces	J1670610
TGA-DTA sample holder rod	Type S, 1600°C; set of 2 pieces	JA004768







Large crucible made of Pt, order no. J5900879

Reshaping tool for crucible made of Pt, order no. J7672306



Standard radition shield, order no. JA003597



Special raditon shield, order no. JA004827



Sample carrier receiver, order no. JA003596



Slip-on plates made of ${\rm Al_2O_3}$, order no. JA003598



Slip-on plates made of Al₂O₃,for sample and reference position, order no. JA004734 and JA004735



Slip-on plates for measurements in corrosive atmospheres, order no. JA004768



Large crucible made of ${\rm Al_2O_3}$, order no. JA004738

Crucibles Made of Aluminum

Crucibles for the STA 449 *F1/F3 Jupiter*® and DSC 404 *F1/F3 Pegasus*®

What sets the STA 449 *F1/F3 Jupiter®* and DSC 404 *F1/F3 Pegasus®* systems apart is not only their flexibility in furnaces and sensors but also the huge variety of possible crucibles. For the broad temperature range from -150°C to 2400°C, the crucible materials vary from aluminum to magnesium oxide and tungsten to zirconium oxide.

Besides DSC and TGA (for STA) crucibles, plates and net-shaped plates

are also available in different materials and dimensions.

For inhomogeneous samples and those with an extremely low density, special TGA sample holders and large crucibles are available. The automatic sample changer (ASC) with its gripper and carousel allows for the use of nearly any crucible type including specialties such as low-, medium- and high-pressure crucibles.





Crucibles Made of Aluminum for the STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter® and DSC 404 F1/F3 Pegasus®

Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Concavus pan* + lid	ø 5 mm / 30/40 µl	Set of 96, 3in1 Box, cold weldable**	DSC21400A66.010.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Concavus pan*	ø 5 mm / 30/40 µl	3in1 Box, 96 pieces	NGB814672
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Concavus lid		96 pieces	NGB814673
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6 mm / 25/40 µl	Set of 100, cold weldable**	6.239.2-64.5.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6 mm / 25/40 µl	Set of 500, cold weldable**	6.239.2-64.51.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + punched lid (0.05 mm)	ø 6 mm / 40 μl	Set of 100, cold weldable**	6.239.2-64.8.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + punched lid (0.05 mm)	ø 6 mm / 40 µl	Set of 500, cold weldable**	6.239.2-64.81.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm /85 μl	Set of 100 pieces, non-weldable	NGB810405
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Lid		Set of 100 pieces, for NGB810405	NGB810406

Using Concavus pans with ASC instrument which were delivered before 2014 may require re-adjustment of ASC gripper.

Please note: One and the same sealing press is capable of sealing all the Al crucibles, order no. 6.240.10-80.0.00A, see optional toolkits, page 12



Concavus pans in the antistatic 3in1 Box

Low-Pressure Crucibles Made of Aluminum for TGA-DSC Sensors of the STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®1 and DSC Sensors of the DSC 404 F1/F3 Pegasus®2

Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/Volume/ Pressure	Remarks	Order Number
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6 mm / 35 µl; 3 bar	Set of 100 pieces, cold weldable	6.240.10-65.1.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6 mm / 35 µl; 3 bar	Set of 500 pieces, cold weldable	6.240.10-65.11.00
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible	ø 6 mm / 35 µl; 3 bar	100 pieces	6.240.10-65.1.01
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Lid	For crucibles of ø 6 mm	100 pieces	6.240.10-65.1.02

STA 449 **F1/F3** Jupiter® sensors: HTP40000A**XX**.000-00 (**XX** = 78, 77, 73, 74, 79 or 63), STA 449 **F5** Jupiter® sensor HTP40000AXX.000-00 (XX=69, 73) DSC 404 **F1/F3** Pegasus® sensors: DSC404F1A**XX**.000-00 (**XX** = 78, 77, 73, 74, 79 or 75)

DSC Crucibles for Measurements in a Pressure-Tight Environment, Large TGA Crucibles and Slip-On Plates

Medium- and High-Pressure Crucibles for TGA-DSC Sensors (HTP 40000A69/70/71/72.000-00) of the STA 449 *F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®* and DSC sensors of the DSC 404 *F1/F3 Pegasus®*

Material	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume/Pressure	Remarks	Order Number
CrNi steel (AISI 304)	Max. 250°C	Crucible + lid + seal	120 µl; 20 bar	Set of 25 pieces, seal made of FPM	6.240.1-68.1.00
O-ring seal	Max. 230°C	O-ring	Max. 20 bar	Seal made of PCTFE	NGB801765
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, gold-plated surface, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.3.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexago- nal, gold-plated surface, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 μl, max. 100 bar	10 crucible + 50 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.31.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-93.3.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 μl, max. 100 bar	10 crucible + 50 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-93.31.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6mm, 100 µl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-93.4.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexago- nal, gold-plated surface, reusable	ø 6mm, 100 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.8.00
Titanium (Grade 4)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexagonal, reusable	ø 6 mm, 27 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.6.00
Titanium (Grade 4)	Max. 500°C	Crucible + lid, hexago- nal, reusable	ø 6mm, 100 μl, max. 100 bar	1 crucible + 5 Au sealing disks (sealing press 6.239.2-92.4)	6.239.2-92.9.00
Au seals (Au585)	Max. 500°C	For all high-press	6.240.1-91.1.00		
Sealing press		For crucibles -92.9.0	6.239.2-92.4.00		





Medium-pressure crucible (right) and high-pressure crucible (left)

Crucibles for TGA Sample Carrier (HTP40000A58.000-00) of the STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®

Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Slip-on plate, flat	ø 10 mm		GB343550
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Slip-on plate	ø 17 mm		GB445240
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	0.9 ml		GB445215
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For GB445215	GB445216
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	3.4 ml		GB445213
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		Lid without hole, for GB445213	GB445214
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	5.0 ml		NGB809163
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		Lid without hole, for NGB809163	NGB814785
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	For sample dimension: ø 15 mm; hight 25 mm		NGB811934
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 18 mm; ø _{inner} 14.5 mm; total height 14.5 mm; filling height 3 mm; volume 0.53 ml	For glove box applications	NGB811194
Repository	Cru	ucible repository with handling	g tool, for glove box crucible N	GB811194	HTP40000A91.000-00
Pt/Ir (90/10)	Max. 1600°C	Net-shaped slip-on plate	ø 17 mm (100 meshes/cm²)		GB398029
Pt/Ir (90/10)	Max. 1600°C	Net-shaped slip-on plate	ø 17 mm (225 meshes/cm²)		GB398030
Pt/Ir (90/10)	Max. 1600°C	Slip-on plate	ø 10 mm		GB348834
Pt/Ir (90/10)	Max. 1600°C	Slip-on plate	ø 17 mm		GB348835



 ${\rm Al_2O_3}$ crucibles with different volumes (0.9 ml, 3.4 ml, 5 ml)



 Al_2O_3 slip-on plates (ø 10 mm, 17 mm)



Pt/Ir net-shaped slip-on plates (ø 17 mm, 100/225 meshes/cm²)



Knudsen Cells (TGA), TGA and TGA-DTA Crucibles Through to the Highest Temperature Range

Crucible for TGA Sample Carrier (HTP40000A64.000-00/-010.00) Material Temperature Range Sample Chamber Dimension Remarks Order Number Fused Silica* Max. 1100°C 3.4 ml Only for TGA-sample carrier HTP40000A64.000-00 NGB811507

Crucibles for	Crucibles for TGA Sample Carriers of the STA 449 <i>F1IF3 Jupiter®</i> with Turbo Pump – Knudsen Cells						
Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Sample Chamber Dimension	Remarks	Order Number			
ZrO ₂ ¹	Max. 2000°C	ø 12 mm x 3.7 mm high; orifice ø 2.896 mm (optically dimensioned)	Crucible + lid	6.226.1-69.5.00			
Al ₂ O ₃ ² (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	ø 12 mm x 3.7 mm high; orifice ø 2.896 mm (optically dimensioned)	Crucible + lid	6.226.1-67.1.00			
Al ₂ O ₃ ² (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Outlet ø 0.3 mm (optically dimensioned)	Crucible + lid; also for carrier: 6.226.1-58.0.00+S	6.226.1-69.1.00			
Al ₂ O ₃ ² (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Outlet ø 0.1 mm (optically dimensioned)	Crucible + lid	6.226.1-69.2.00			
Molybdenum ¹	Max. 2000°C	ø 12 mm x 3.7 mm high; orifice ø 2.896 mm (optically dimensioned)	Crucible + lid	6.226.1-69.4.00			
MgO ²	Max. 1500°C	Outlet ø 0.3 mm (optically dimensioned)	Crucible + lid*	6.226.1-68.1.00			

^{*} depending on the atmosphere, the cell can potentially withstand 1650°C for short periods

² For sample carrier HTP40000A58.000-00



Knudsen cells with different dimensions and orifice diameters

Crucibles for TGA Sample Carrier (HTP40000A52.000-00) of the STA 449 F1/F3 Jupiter®						
Material	Temp. Range	Consisting of	Dimension/Volume	Remarks	Order Number	
Tungsten	Max. 2400°C	Crucible	0.3 ml		NGB809001	
Graphite	Max. 2200°C	Crucible	0.3 ml		GB445333	



Tungsten crucible (right) and graphite crucible (left)

¹ For sample carrier HTP40000A52.000-00



Crucibles for TGA Sample Carrier (HTP40000A60.000-00) for Hanging Samples of the STA 449 *F1/F3 Jupiter®* – Cage

Material	Temp. Range	Consisting of	Dimensions	Order Number
Pt	Max. 1650°C	Cage, net-shaped	Cage ø 12 mm, height 12 mm, wire ø 0.04 mm, mesh width 0.12 mm	NGB813037
Pt	Max. 1650° C	Cage, net-shaped	Cage ø 12 mm, height 12 mm, wire ø 0.06 mm, mesh width 0.25 mm	NGB813036



Crucibles for DTA Sensor¹ of the DSC 404 F1/F3 Pegasus® and for TGA², TGA-DTA³ Sensor of the STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®

Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Duran glass	Max. 600°C	Ampoule	Length after sealing ≈ 34 mm		GB461185
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Ampoule	Length after sealing ≈ 34 mm		GB461177
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Slip-on plate	ø 10 mm		GB343550
Al_2O_3	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	0.2 ml		GB445172
Al_2O_3	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	0.3 ml		NGB810411
Al ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Lid		for NGB810411, GB445172; pierced, Ø 0.5 mm hole	GB445175
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	0.3 ml; inner ø 6 mm	sixfold pierced	NGB813974
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	0.9 ml		GB445215
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		for GB445215	GB445216
Pt/Ir	Max. 1600°C	Crucible	0.3 ml		GB280062
Pt/Ir	Max. 1600°C	Lid for GB280062			GB280066
Graphite	Max. 2400°C	Crucible	0.3 ml	> 2200°C evaporation may occur	GB399222
Fine steel	Max. 600°C	Crucible	0.3 ml	Only in inert atmosphere	GB440112
Fine steel	Max. 600°C	Lid		for GB440112	GB440113

1 DTA sample carrier of the DSC 404 F1/F3 Pegasus®:

order no. DSC404F1A**XX**.000-00 (**XX** = 56, 57 or 68)

2 TGA sample carrier of the STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®:

order no. HTP40000A58.000-00

3 TGA-DTA sample carrier of the STA 449 **F1/F3/F5** Jupiter*: order no. HTP40000A**XX**.000-00 (**XX** = 56, 68, 51, 50 or 65)



TGA-DTA crucibles and slip-on plates



TGA-DTA, DSC and TGA-DSC Crucibles

Crucibles for TGA-DTA Sensor (HTP40000A53.000-00) of the STA 449 *F1/F3 Jupiter®* and DSC 404 *F1/F3 Pegasus®* (DSC404F1A53.000-00)

Material	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Tungsten	Max. 2400°C	Crucible	80 µl	Wall thickness 0.3 mm, only for STA 449 <i>F3 Jupiter</i> ®	GB453520
Tungsten	Max. 2400°C	Crucible	80 μΙ	Wall thickness 0.2 mm, BN liner available	NGB808999
Tungsten	Max. 2400°C	Lid		Pierced, for NGB808999	NGB809406
BN¹	Max. 1600°C	Liner	80 μΙ	For NGB808999	NGB805943
Glassy carbon	Max. 2000°C	Crucible	60 µl	Up to 500°C oxidizing	GB395116
Graphite	Max. 2400°C	Crucible	0.15 ml		GB427607
Graphite	Max. 2400°C	Lid		Pierced, for GB427607	NGB814940
Al ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	0.15 ml		GB399147
Al ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Lid		Pierced lid for GB399147	GB399973
ZrO ₂	Max. 2000°C	Crucible	0.15 ml		GB399148

TGA-DTA crucibles for highest temperatures

Crucibles for All DSC and TGA-DSC Sensors of the STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter® and DSC 404 F1/F3 Pegasus®

Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
PtRh/Al ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Crucible + liner + lid	For metal melts an	d other reactive materials	6.225.6-93.2.00
Al ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Crucible liner (spare for 6.225.6-93.2.00)			6.225.6-93.1.00
Yttriumoxid- Spray*	-	Content 360g	-	Coating of crucibles for increased oxidation stability	NGB804075
MgO	Max. 1500°C	Crucible liner (spare for GB399205)		Minimum sale 10 pieces	NGB812638
Y ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Crucible liner (spare for GB399205)		Minimum sale 10 pieces	NGB812634
Tool				For reshaping of Pt crucibles	GB397964
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 85 µl		GB399972
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For GB399972	GB399973
Duran glass	Max. 600°C	Ampoule	80 μΙ	Length after sealing ≈19 mm	6.240.1-93.2.00
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Ampoule	80 µl	Length after sealing ≈19 mm	NGB815223

^{*} Hazardous material, shipment will cause additional costs.









Crucibles for All DSC and TGA-DSC Sensors of the STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter® and DSC 404 F1/F3 Pegasus® (Continuation)

Material (Purity/%)	Temperature Range	Consisting of	Dimension/ Volume	Remarks	Order Number
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm / 85 µl		GB399974
Fused silica	Max. 1000°C	Lid		For GB399974	GB399975
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 85 µl		GB399205
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm / 0.19 ml	Height 6 mm	NGB801556
Pt/Rh (80/20)	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For GB399205 and NGB801556	GB399860
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Concavus pan*	ø 5 mm / 30/40 µl		NGB814672
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Concavus lid			NGB814673
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm / 85 µl	Set of 100 pieces	NGB810405
Al (99.5)	Max. 600°C	Lid		For NGB810405	NGB810406
Gold (99.9)	Max. 900°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6.7 mm / 85 µl		6.225.6-93.3.00
Ag	Max. 750°C	Crucible + lid	ø 6.7 mm / 85 µl		6.225.6-93.4.00
ZrO ₂	Max. 2000°C	Crucible	85 μΙ	CaO-stabilized	GB397053
ZrO ₂	Max. 2000°C	Lid		For GB397053	GB397052
Graphite	Max. 2400°C	Crucible	85 µl	>2200°C evaporation may occur	GB399956
Graphite	Max. 2400°C	Lid		For GB399956	GB399957
Glassy carbon	Max. 2400°C	Crucible	ø 6 mm / 50 µl		NGB811386
Glassy carbon	Max. 2400°C	Lid		For NGB811386	NGB812613
Al ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Washer	ø 6.8 mm, thick 0.2 mm	Inhibits sticking of Pt onto sensor type S and B	NGB811071
MgO	Max. 1500°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm, 85 μl	Minimum sale 10 pieces	NGB812639
MgO	Max. 1500°C	Lid		For NGB812639, min. sale 10 pieces	NGB812637
Y ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm, 85 µl	Minimum sale 10 pieces	NGB812636
Y ₂ O ₃	Max. 1700°C	Lid		For NGB812636, min. sale 10 pieces	NGB812635
BN ¹	Max. 1600°C	Crucible	ø 6.7 mm, 85 µl	Inert gas required	NGB808836
BN ¹	Max. 1600°C	Lid		For NGB808836	NGB808835
Мо	Max. 2000°C	Crucible	ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl		NGB808165

Maximum temperature when in contact with Pt, W and Rh or Pt/Rh alloys: 1600°C. For other materials getting in contact with BN, reactions have to be avoided which might damage crucible or liner. In the presence of He, Ar or vacuum, tungsten embrittles and hardens in contact with BN.

Using Concavus pans with ASC instrument which were delivered before 2014 may require re-adjustment of the ASC gripper.



















Crucibles for Operation with the Automatic Sample Changer (ASC)

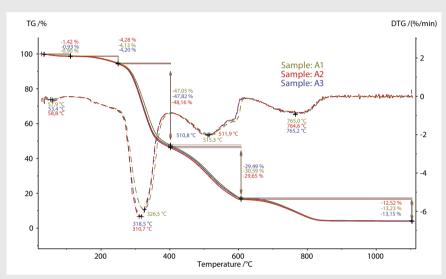
Crucibles for STA 449 F1/F3 & DSC 404 F1/F3 in ASC Operation				
Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper STA 449 F1/F3 DSC 404 F1/F3	TGA-DSC Sensor* DSC Sensor**	TGA Sensor² HTP40000A67.000-00 HTP40000A75.000-00	Order Number
Al (99.5), 30/40 µl (<i>Concavus</i> pan)	_3	X	X	DSC214A66.010.00
Crucible with welded lid	_3	X	X	
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl	_1	X	Х	6.239.2-64.5.00
Crucible with welded lid	-	X	X	
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl (500/pkg.)	х	Х	X	6.239.2-64.51.00
Crucible with welded lid	X	X	X	
ΑΙ (99.5), 25/40 μΙ	_1	Х	Х	6.239.2-64.8.00
Crucible and lid with laser-cut-hole	-	X	X	
Al (99.5), 25/40 μl (500/pkg.)	х	x	Х	6.239.2-64.81.00
Crucible and lid with laser-cut-hole	X	X	X	
Al (99.5), low-pressure, 35 μl	_1	Х	Х	6.240.10-65.1.00
Crucible with welded lid	-	X	X	
CrNi steel (AISI 302), medium-pressure, 120 µl	X	х	x	6.240.1-68.1.00
Crucible with lid	х	X	Х	
Copper, 25 µl	-	Х	X	6.239.2-64.6.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 27 µl, gold-plated, 100 bar	X	Х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.3.00
CrNi steel (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 27 µl, 100 bar	x	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-93.3.00
CrNi (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 100 µl, gold-plated, 100 bar	x	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.8.00
CrNi (AISI 316L), high-pressure, 100 µl, 100 bar	x	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-93.4.00
Ti (Grade 4), high-pressure, 27 μl, 100 bar	x	х	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.6.00
Ti (Grade 4), high-pressure, 100 μl, 100 bar	х	x	Only for manual operation	6.239.2-92.9.00
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	x	x	X	GB399972
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	x	X	X	GB399973
Fused silica, ø 6.8 mm, 85 µl	х	х	X	GB399974
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	x	х	X	GB399975
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	х	х	Х	GB399205
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	x	х	X	GB399860
Pt/Rh (80/20), ø 6.8 x 6 mm, 190 µl	х	х	Х	NGB801556
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	x	Х	Χ	GB399860

Crucible Material (Purity/%), Volume Lid	ASC Gripper STA 449 F1/F3 DSC 404 F1/F3	TGA-DSC Sensor* DSC Sensor**	TGA Sensor ² HTP40000A67.000-00 HTP40000A75.000-00	Order Number
Al (99.5), ø 6.7 mm, 85 μl	х	х	Х	NGB810405
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	Х	X	X	NGB810406
Graphite, ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	х	Х	Х	GB399956
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	Х	X	X	GB399957
Gold (99.9), ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	Х	Х	Х	6.225.6-93.3.00
Crucible with lid	Х	х	Х	
Silver, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	X	Х	Х	6.225.6-93.4.00
Crucible with lid	Х	X	X	
ZrO ₂ , ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	х	Х	Х	GB397053
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	х	Х	Х	GB397052
Y ₂ O ₃ , ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	х	Х	X	NGB812636
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	X	Х	Х	NGB812635
MgO, ø 6.8mm, 85 μl	х	Х	X	NGB812639
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	Х	X	X	NGB812637
Al ₂ O ₃ (99.7), ø 8 x 8 mm, 300 μl	х	-	Х	NGB803698
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	Х	-	Х	NGB808209
Pt/Rh/Al ₂ O ₃ system with lid	Х	X	X	6.225.6-93.2.00
Mo, ø 6.8 mm, 85 μl	х	X	-	NGB808165
BN, ø 6.7 mm, 85 µl	х	х	only for manual operation	NGB808836
Crucible with lid (note: lid order no.)	-	Х	-	NGB808835

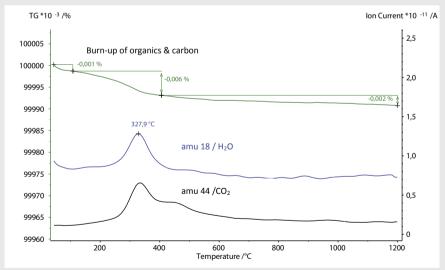
Special gripper for Al crucibles on request For the listed crucibles, the TGA-Sensor requires the slip-on plate made of Al_2O_3 , oder no. NGB809010 Using *Concavus* pans with ASC require re-adjustment of ASC gripper. TGA-DSC Sensor: HTP40000A**XX**.000-00 (**XX** = 63, 66, 73 or 74) DSC Sensor: DSC404F1A**XX**.000-00 (**XX** = 63, 66, 73 or 74)



Applications – Special Crucibles for Large Samples, Oxygen-Sensitive Alloys



A ceramic mass (approx. 130 mg) was tested here in the alumina beaker crucible for TGA measurements (heating rate 10 K/min, synthetic air atmosphere)



Quartz sand (4099.46 mg) was tested here in the alumina beaker crucible for TGA measurements

Please note:

In applications where even larger crucibles are required, we recommend our Multiple-Module Calorimeter, MMC 274 Nexus®. This tabletop instrument bridges the gap between large adiabatic reaction calorimeters and small differential scanning calorimeters. It allows for large sample volumes, while quickly and precisely analyzing properties such as heat capacities. It is also capable of quantitatively characterizing exothermic and endothermic effects.

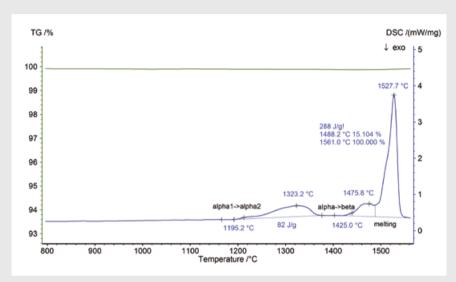
Test on a Fire Insulating Material

For TGA measurements on inhomogeneous materials or ones with low densities (e.g., foams), very large crucibles are available. The example shows three samples of a heavily foaming fire insulation material. It can clearly be seen that these three samples exhibit identical TGA behavior. Therefore, no significant fluctuations in the composition of the lot are to be expected.

Burn-Up of Organics and Carbon

Resolution for the smallest of TGA steps can be achieved by increasing the sample mass. In this example, quartz sand was heated at a rate of 20 K/min in synthetic air. The results demonstrate that extremely small mass-loss steps can be resolved by using a sample mass of more than 4000 mg. The evolved gases in this example were detected using our QMS 403 Aëolos®. The second mass-loss step amounts to 0.006% and is mainly due to the burn-up of organics and carbon (CO₂: u 44 and water: u 18).





Phase transitions in γ -TiAl. Only a pure oxygen-free atmosphere leads to well-defined phase transitions at higher temperatures because oxidation of the metal alloy is inhibited.



The crucible combination of PtRh/Al $_2$ O $_3$ (order no. 6.225.6-93.2.00) can be used for samples which may react with Pt up to 1700°C. In addition to the Al $_2$ O $_3$ liner, MgO and Y $_2$ O $_3$ liners are also available.

Furthermore, these crucible combinations are suitable for c_p determination on metals or other oxygen-sensitive materials up to $1400^{\circ}C$

The reshaping tool for the PtRh crucible (order no. GB397964) can be used to reshape it after measurement, allowing it to be used multiple times.

Phase Transformation of an Oxygen-Sensitive Material

The high-performance metal γ-TiAl is resistant to corrosion and high temperatures and has a low specific weight. However, it is highly sensitive to oxygen, so DSC measurements have to be carried out in a very pure atmosphere. Additionally, measurement results can be improved by using the right crucible. Metallic crucibles with high thermal conductivities and low time constants cannot be used for metals. In order to maintain the advantages of a Pt crucible and to prevent reaction between the sample and crucible material, a special Pt crucible with an Al₂O₃ liner is available. The DSC 404 F3 Pegasus®, with its vacuum-tight design and various sensor and crucible types, completely fulfills all measurement requirements for highly oxygen-sensitive materials. In addition, an oxygen trap system (OTS®) is available to further reduce oxygen traces in the atmosphere.

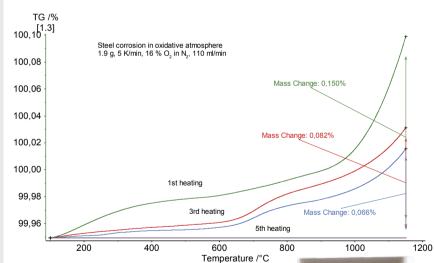
The DSC curve of γ -TiAl shows an endothermic effect at a peak temperature of 1323°C. This is due to the $\alpha_2 \rightarrow \alpha$ transition. At 1476°C, the $\alpha \rightarrow \beta$ transition occurs and is followed by melting of the sample.

Applications – Special Crucibles for High Temperatures

Oxidation and Corrosion Studies on Metals

For oxidation and corrosion studies, it is preferable to have a large sample surface in order to maximize the gas access. TGA and TGA-DTA sample holders are available which allow the sample to be attached in a hanging position (TGA: HTP40000A60.000-00); TGA-DTA: HTP40000A61.000-00). The samples can be a plate, mesh, or a compact body which can be encased in a platinum basket.

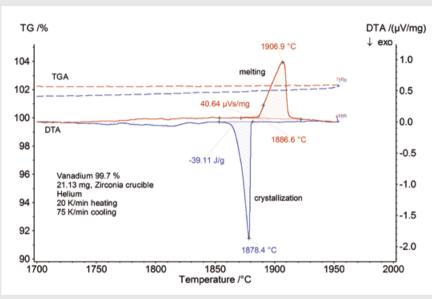




Increased sample surface for oxygen access improves oxidation tests

Steel Corrosion

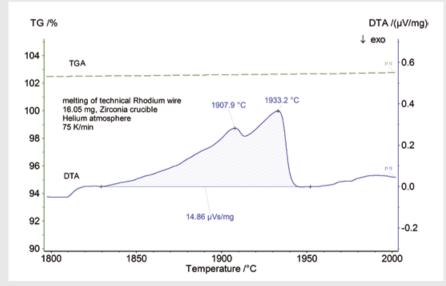
This TGA measurement shows several heating cycles on a hanging steel sample. The steel sheet was heated at a rate of 5 K/min in a nitrogen atmosphere with 16% oxygen. Oxidation (mass increase) decreases with each subsequent heating cycle. At the beginning of the test, oxidation of the sheet surface occurs. This can be observed in the early onset and rapid mass increase for the first heating. After a couple of heating cycles, inner oxidation occurs, which is indicated by a slower, diffusion-dependent mass increase. Hanging the sample in the special holder maximizes the accessible sample surface and therefore improves oxygen access to all sample sides. This is a prerequisite for certain analyses, such as kinetic studies of the oxidation behavior.



Melting Point Determination on Vanadium

In this example, the melting point of a vanadium sample (99.7%) was determined with the STA 449 **F1**Jupiter®. ZrO₂ crucibles were used.
Melting occurs at an onset temperature of 1886°C. During cooling, the sample recrystallizes with only a small supercooling effect at 1878°C.

Vanadium melting point determination in ZrO₂ crucibles



Double melting peak of a technical rhodium wire

Technical Rhodium Wire – Failure Analysis at High Temperatures

Here, a failure analysis on a rhodium wire was carried out with the STA 449 *F1* Jupiter®. The wire material was measured in ZrO₂ crucibles up to 2000°C in a helium atmosphere. The broad double peak and temperatures (1908°C and 1933°C) confirm that the wire material is not made of pure rhodium.



DSC, TGA-DSC Sensors and TGA Sample Carriers

Nearly all DSC, TGA and STA instruments allow measurements with exchangeable DSC and DTA or TGA, TGA-DTA and TGA-DSC sensors and sample carriers which cover different temperature ranges. Additionally, the instruments differ in the types of thermocouple which are compatible with them, as well as their ability to accommodate large crucibles. The type of thermocouple selected influences the sensitivity and resolution of a given DSC or STA system.

Choosing the right thermocouple can thus improve the measurement curve and also the evaluated test results, so this should be as carefully considered as the temperature range.

The following pages give an overview of the DTA, DSC, TGA, TGA-DSC and TGA-DTA sensors and sample carriers for these instruments:

- DSC 204 F1 Phoenix®
- DSC 404 **F1/F3** Pegasus®
- STA 449 *F1/F3/F5* Jupiter®
- TG 209 F3 Tarsus®
- TG 209 **F1** Libra®



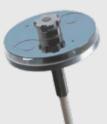
DSC 204 *F1 Phoenix*[®] Sensors, TG 209 *F1 Iris*[®]/*Libra*[®] and TG 209 *F3 Tarsus*[®] Sample Carriers

Sensor Type* Temperature Range Remarks Order Number τ-sensor -180°C to 700°C Complete system, ready for installation → High-resolution sensor 6.240.10-09.0.00 μ-sensor -150°C to 400°C Complete system, ready for installation → High-sensitivity sensor 6.240.10-11.0.00

t-sensor with low time constant and very good sensitivity for standard applications



μ-sensor with extremely high sensitivity



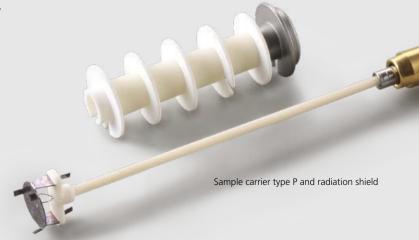
TG 209 F1 Iris® – Up to Instrument number 220 10 76 Sample Carrier Material Temperature Sensor Type **Order Number** Remarks Al₂O₃ Type P SiO₂-coated, up to instrument No. 220 10 031 6.220.10-57.1.00 SiO₂-coated, from instrument No. 220 10 032 on 6.220.10-57.5.00 Al₂O₃ Type P SiO₂-coated, for large samples, up to instrument Al₂O₃ Type P 6.220.10-58.1.00 No. 220 10 031 SiO₂-coated, for large samples, from instrument Al₂O₃ 6.220.10-58.5.00 Type P No. 220 10 032 on 6.220.10-04.4.00 Radiation shield Made of Al₂O₃, complete with metallic flange



^{*} From instrument series no. 240 10 034 on

TG 209 <i>F1 Iris</i> ® (from	ı Instrument Number ≥ 22	20 10 077*) / TG 209 <i>F1 Libra</i> ® and TG 209 <i>F3 Tar</i> s	SUS®**
Sample Carrier Material	Temperature Sensor Type	Remarks	Order Number
Al_2O_3	Type P	Higher sensitivity for c-DTA®, with SiO ₂ coating, including radiation shield	6.220.10-60.0.00**
Al_2O_3	Type P	Higher sensitivity for c-DTA®, with SiO ₂ coating, without radiation shield	6.220.10-60.1.00
Al_2O_3	Type P	Higher sensitivity for c-DTA®, for large samples, including radiation shield	6.220.10-61.0.00**
Al_2O_3	Type P	Higher sensitivity for c-DTA®, with SiO ₂ coating, without radiation shield	6.220.10-61.1.00
Al_2O_3	Type P	Sample support made of Al ₂ O ₃ , including radiation shield	6.220.10-62.0.00**
Al_2O_3	Type P	Sample support made of Al ₂ O ₃ , without radiation shield	6.220.10-62.1.00
Al ₂ O ₃	Type P	For large samples, sample supports made of Al ₂ O ₃ , radiation shield	6.220.10-63.0.00
Al_2O_3	Type P	For large samples, sample supports made of Al ₂ O ₃ , without radiation shield	6.220.10-63.1.00
Al ₂ O ₃	Туре Р	For crucible up to an outer diameter of 9 mm, with protected thermocouple, particulary suitable for corrosive media, including radiation shield and crucible made of Al ₂ O ₃ with ø 8 mm (0.3 ml, order no. NGB803698)	6.220.10-66.0.00**
Al_2O_3	Туре Р	For crucible up to an outer diameter of 9 mm, with protected thermocouple, particulary suitable for corrosive media	6.220.10-66.1.00
Al_2O_3	Туре Р	Standard sample carrier with closed stuck head plate, particularly suitable for corrosive media, including radiation shield	6.220.10-65.0.00**
Radiation shield		Made of Al ₂ O ₃ , for TG 209 <i>F1 Libra</i> ®, from instrument: TG 209 <i>F1 Iris</i> ® no. 77 up to 158, TG 209 <i>F3 Tarsus</i> ® no. 010 up to 048	6.220.10-60.2.00**
Radiation shield		Made of Al ₂ O ₃ , for TG 209 <i>F1 Libra</i> ®, from instrument TG 209 <i>F1 Iris</i> ® no. 77 up to 159; for TG 209 <i>F3 Tarsus</i> ® from no. 049 onwards	6.220.10-60.3.00**

^{*} Please contact us for sample carriers for instrument number 1 to 76. ** also for TG 209 **F3** Tarsus*



c-DTA® - More Than an Easy Calibration Routine

c-DTA® – Temperature Calibration and Determination of Caloric Effects in TGA Measurements

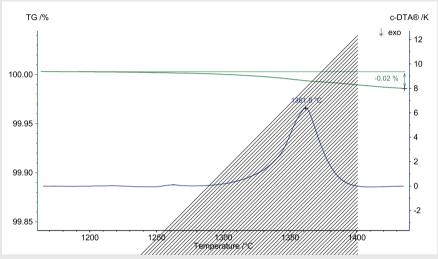
The calculated DTA/DSC-signal, c-DTA®, is ideal for easy temperature calibration without the need for magnetic Curie point standards, which would often necessitate partial disassembling of the thermobalance. In addition, signals of mass change together with endo- and exothermal behaviors (e.g., vaporization with mass loss or melting without mass change) can be obtained without any hardware add-ons.

Thus, correlation of such results is not influenced by the hardware.

All TGA sample carriers (TG 209 *F1 Iris**/*Libra**, TG 209 *F3 Tarsus**, STA 449 *F1/F3 Jupiter**) allow for c-*DTA** determination.

Ceramic and metallic crucibles are available to achieve optimum peak temperature results together with the caloric information on the tested sample.



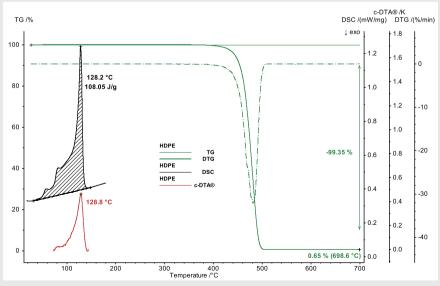


Measurements of large sample masses can be done with slip-on plates. Various dimensions of such plates are available.

Thermal Behavior of a Large Steel Sample

In this example, a large steel sample (1018.59 mg) was tested with the STA 449 *F1* Jupiter® at a heating rate of 20 K/min in an argon atmosphere. A slip-on plate made of alumina (Ø 17 mm) was used to carry the sample.

The c-DTA® curve (blue) shows an endothermic effect at 1362°C which corresponds to melting of the sample. In the same temperature range, the TGA curve (green) indicates some minor mass loss (0.02%) which is due to a small evaporation effect.



Very good correlation between calculated and measured melting peak temperature

Melting and Decomposition of HDPE with the TG 209 F1 Libra®

High density polyethylene (HDPE) was here measured with the TG 209 *F1 Libra*® at a heating rate of 10 K/min in an N₂ atmosphere. The sample mass amounted to 10.31 mg.

Before decomposition started at approx. 420°C (green), the c-DTA® curve (red) detected the melting peak at 128.8°C. Under the same conditions, the melting peak temperature of HDPE was determined with the DSC 200 *F3 Maia*® (black curve). As can be observed, the two sets of results are in perfect agreement.

DTA and DSC Sensors

DTA Sensors for the DSC 404 <i>F1/F3 Pegasus</i> ®							
Sensor Type	Temperature Range	Crucible/Volume/Order Number	Radiation Shield	Order Number			
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Integrated	DSC404F1A56.000-00			
Type S, protected thermocouples	25°C to 1650°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Integrated	DSC404F1A68.000-00			
Type B	25°C to 1750°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Integrated	DSC404F1A57.000-00			
W3%Re/W25%Re (exchangeable)	25°C to 2000°C	2x tungsten, GB453520	Integrated	DSC404F1A53.000-00			

DSC Sensors for the DSC 404 <i>F1/F3 Pegasus®</i> – for Standard & c _p Measurements*							
Sensor Type	Temperature Range	Crucible/Volume/Order Number	Radiation Shield	Order Number			
Type S, octagonal design	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A54.000-00			
Type P	-150°C to 1000°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A59.000-00			
Туре Е	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A70.000-00			
Туре К	-150°C to 800°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A71.000-00			
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A72.000-00			
Туре В	25°C to 1750°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A76.000-00			
Type K, octagonal	-150°C to 800°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A77.000-00			
Type S, octagonal	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A78.000-00			
Type E, octagonal	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A79.000-00			

^{*} c_p recommended up to 1400°C



DSC Sensors for the DSC 404 <i>F1/F3 Pegasus</i> ® – for ASC Operation, Octagonal Design								
Sensor Type	C _p	Temperature Range	Crucible/Volume/Order Number	Radiation Shield	Order Number			
Type S, round design	Yes	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A73.000-00			
Type P	Yes	-150°C to 1000°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A75.000-00			
Туре К	Yes	150°C to 800°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizina	2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Integrated	DSC404F1A74.000-00			



TGA Sample Carriers and TGA-DTA Sensors

Material/Sensor Type	Temperature Range	Crucible/Volume/Order Number	Radiation Shield	Order Number
Type P	-150°C to 1000°C	Al ₂ O ₃ , 3.4 ml, GB445213	Included	HTP40000A55.000-00
Type P	-150°C to 1000°C	-	Without	HTP40000A55.010-00
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	Al ₂ O ₃ , 3.4 ml, GB445213	Included	HTP40000A58.000-00
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A58.010-00
Made of Al ₂ O ₃ , W3%Re/W25%Re	25°C to 1650°C	Al ₂ O ₃ , 3.4 ml, GB445213	Included	HTP40000A62.000-00
Made of Al ₂ O ₃ , W3%Re/W25%Re	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A62.010-00
Made of fused silica, type S	25°C to 1100°C	Crucible required: Fused silica, 3.4 ml, NGB811507	Included	HTP40000A64.000-00
Made of fused silica, type S	25°C to 1100°C	-	Without	HTP40000A64.010-00
W3%Re/W25%Re	25°C to 2400°C	Tungsten, NGB809001	Included	HTP40000A52.000-00
W3%Re/W25%Re	25°C to 2400°C	-	Without	HTP40000A52.010-00
Radiation shield from tungsten	25°C to 2400°C	_	Complete	HTP40000A53.020-00





TGA Sample Carriers and TGA-DTA Sensors for the STA 449 <i>F1IF3 Jupiter®</i> – with Special Design							
Material/Sensor Type	Temperature Range	Crucible Type	Radiation Shield	Order Number			
TGA, type S, length 250 mm, for water vapor furnace HTP40000A88	25°C to 1650°C	Al ₂ O ₃ slip-on plate, ø 17 mm	Included	HTP40000A57.000-00			
TGA, type S, length 250 mm, for water vapor furnace HTP40000A88	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A57.010-00			
TGA, made of Al_2O_3 , type S, for hanging samples, sample size max. 13 x 20 mm	25°C to 1650°C	Options: net-shaped cage made of Pt,	Included	HTP40000A60.000-00			
TGA, made of Al_2O_3 , type S, for hanging samples, sample size max. 13 x 20 mm	25°C to 1650°C	order no. NGB813036 or order no. NGB813037 (see page 29)	Without	HTP40000A60.010-00			
TGA, made of Al ₂ O ₃ , type S, for measurements in an immersion bath (e.g., salt solution), for hanging samples	25°C to 1650°C	Special container made of Al ₂ O ₃ , 3 immersion container made of Pt and 5 immersion container made of BN	tube made of glass (single order no. NGB801706)	HTP40000B60.000-00			
TGA-DTA, type S, hanging samples TGA-DTA, type S, hanging samples	25°C to 1650°C 25°C to 1650°C		Included Without	HTP40000A61.000-00 HTP40000A61.010-00			



TGA-DTA and TGA-DSC Sensors

TGA-DTA Sensors for the STA 449 <i>F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®</i> – for Standard Measurements							
Sensor Type	Temperature Range/ Atmosphere	Crucible/Volume/Order Number	Radiation Shield	Order Number			
Type E	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Included	HTP40000A50.000-00			
Туре Е	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	-	Without	HTP40000A50.010-00			
Туре К	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Included	HTP40000A51.000-00			
Туре К	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	-	Without	HTP40000A51.010-00			
Type P	25°C to 1000°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Included	HTP40000B56.000-00			
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Included	HTP40000A56.000-00			
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A56.010-00			
Type S, protected thermocouples	25°C to 1650°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Included	HTP40000A68.000-00			
Type S, protected thermocouples	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A68.010-00			
Type W, protected thermocouples	25°C to 1500°C	-	Included	HTP40000A94.000-00			
W3%Re/W25%Re	25°C to 1650°C, not for oxidizing atmospheres!	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 0.2 ml, NGB810411	Included	HTP40000A65.000-0			
W3%Re/W25%Re	25°C to 1650°C, not for oxidizing atmospheres!	-	Without	HTP40000A65.010-0			
W3%Re/W25%Re	25°C to 2000°C, not for oxidizing atmospheres!	2x tungsten, NGB808999, wall thickness 0.2 mm; optional for STA 449 <i>F3 Jupiter®</i> : tungsten crucible, with wall thickness 0.3 mm, GB453520	Included	HTP40000A53.000-00			
W3%Re/W25%Re	25°C to 2000°C, not for oxidizing atmospheres!	-	Without	HTP40000A53.010-00			



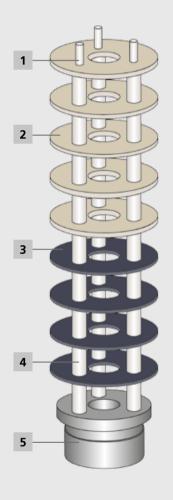


TGA-DSC Sensors for the STA 449 <i>F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®</i> – for Standard Measurements							
Sensor Type	Temperature Range/ Atmosphere	Crucible/Volume/Order Number	Radiation Shield	Order Number			
Type P	-150°C to 1000°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 μl, crucible GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A59.000-00			
Type P	-150°C to 1000°C	-	Without	HTP40000A59.010-00			
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 μl, crucible GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A69.000-00			
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A69.010-00			
Type E	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 μl, crucible GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A70.000-00			
Type E	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	-	Without	HTP40000A70.010-00			
Type E octagonal	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 μl, crucible GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A79.000-00			
Type E octagonal	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	-	Without	HTP40000A79.010-00			
Туре К	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 μl, crucible GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A71.000-00			
Туре К	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	-	Without	HTP40000A71.010-00			
Type K octagonal	-150°C to 800°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 μl, crucible GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A77.000-00			
Type K octagonal	-150°C to 800°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	-	Without	HTP40000A77.010-00			



Radiation Shield for STA Systems

Radiation Shield with 3 Supporting Bars



Component parts

Radiation shield – Complete

1 Supporting bar made of Al₂O₃

2 Disk for radiation shield made of Al₂O₃

3 Disk for radiation shield made of nickel

4 Spacing tube made of Al₂O₃

5 Metal base for radiation shield

Order number

HTP40000A72.040-00

GB348216

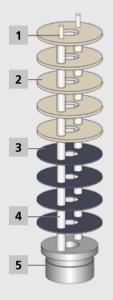
NGB809780

NGB809779

GB351383

NGB809778

Radiation Shield with 2 Supporting Bars



Component parts

1 Supporting bar made of Al₂O₃

2 Disk for radiation shield made of Al₂O₃

3 Disk for radiation shield made of nickel

4 Distance tube made of Al₂O₃

5 Metal base for radiation shield

Order number

GB348216

NGB806979

NGB806987

GB351383

HTP40000A72.020-01



STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®

TGA and TGA-DSC Sensors for c_p Determination and Operation with the Automatic Sample Changer (ASC)

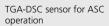
TGA-DSC Sensors for the STA 449 <i>F1IF3IF5 Jupiter®</i> – for c _p Determination (Recommended up to 1400°C)							
Sensor Type	Temperature Range/ Atmosphere	Crucible/Volume/Single Order Number	Radiation Shield	Order Number			
Type S, round design, especially for c _p	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A54.000-00			
Type S, round design, especially for c _p	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A54.010-00			
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A72.000-00			
Type S	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A72.010-00			
Type S octagonal version	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A78.000-00			
Type S octagonal version	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Without	HTP40000A78.010-00			
Туре В	25°C to 1750°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A76.000-00			
Type B	25°C to 1750°C	<u>-</u>	Without	HTP40000A76.010-00			





TGA, TGA-DTA and TGA-DSC Sensors for the STA 449 *F1|F3|F5 Jupiter®* – for Operation with the Automatic Sample Changer (ASC)

	• •			
Sensor Type	Temperature Range/ Atmosphere	Crucible/Volume/Single Order Number	Radiation Shield	Order Number
TGA-DSC, Type P	-150°C to 1000°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205,lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972,lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A63.000-00
TGA-DSC, Type P	-150°C to 1000°C	-	Without	HTP40000A63.010-00
TGA-DSC, Type E	-150°C to 700°C, inert 150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 μl, crucible GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A66.000-00
TGA-DSC, Type E	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	-	Without	HTP40000A66.010-00
TGA-DSC, Type S, for c_n	25°C to 1650°C	2x PtRh crucible, GB399205, lid GB399860 2x Al ₂ O ₃ crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A73.000-00
TGA-DSC, Type S, for c	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A73.010-00
TGA-DSC, Type K	-150°C to 700°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	2x Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 μl crucible GB399972,lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000A74.000-00
TGA-DSC, Type K	-150°C to 800°C, inert -150°C to 500°C, oxidizing	-	Without	HTP40000A74.010-00
TGA, type S	25°C to 1650°C	Spare part: slip-on plate made of Al ₂ O ₃ , NGB809010 Crucible: Al ₂ O ₃ , 85 µl, GB399972 Lid: GB399973	Included	HTP40000A75.000-00
TGA, type S	25°C to 1650°C	-	Without	HTP40000A75.010-00
TGA-DTA, type S, with protected thermocouples and slip-on plates	25°C to 1650°C	Spare part: slip-on plate made of Al_2O_3 , NGB815222; 2x Al_2O_3 crucible, GB399972, lid GB399973	Included	HTP40000B68.000-00
TGA, type P	-150°C to 1000°C	Spare part: slip-on plate made of Al_2O_3 , NGB809010 Crucible: Al_2O_3 , 85 μ l, GB399972	Included	HTP40000A67.000-00
TGA, type P	-150°C to 1000°C	-	Without	HTP40000A67.010-00







TGA-DTA sample carrier (with protected thermocouples) and slip-on plates for ASC operation

Different Sensor Types – The Right Sensor for Each Application

The STA 449 **F1IF3** Jupiter® and DSC 404 **F1IF3** Pegasus® systems are unique in their flexibility. One of their outstanding features is their capability for easy insertion of different sensor types and sample carriers in a matter

of only a few seconds. Selection of the right crucible, together with the most appropriate furnace out of nine options, allows a single instrument to cover an extremely broad application range.

Of course, the vacuum-tight design of these instruments further extends the measurement capabilities in the temperature range between -150°C and 2400°C.

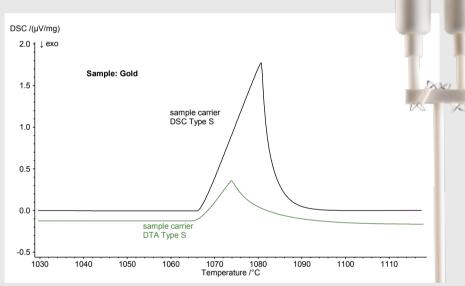
Advantages of True DSC Measurements

True DSC measurements require special sensors with optimized design and thermocouple positioning. They are not the same as a calibrated DTA test.

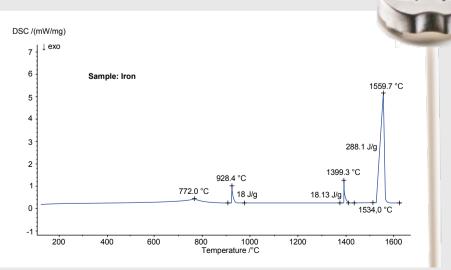
- DSC sensors offer a more stable baseline, a higher sensitivity, an improved detection limit, and a shorter time constant.
- Therefore, transition peaks are sharp, reliable and easy to separate from the baseline curvature.
- DSC sensors can detect weak transitions and glass transition steps and offer excellent reproducibility.
- DSC-c_p sensors are capable of measuring the specific heat (c_p).

Detection of Weak Effects with the High-Temperature DSC Sensor

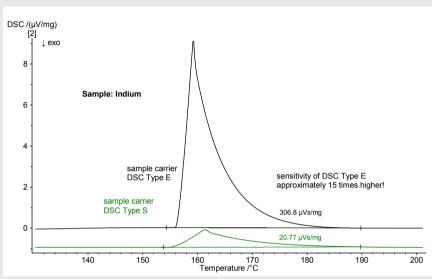
This example shows a DSC measurement of an iron disk between room temperature and 1650° C. The iron disk was placed in a Pt+Al₂O₃ liner closed with a Pt lid. The sample mass amounted to 129.68 mg and was heated in an argon atmosphere at a rate of 20 K/min. The DSC type S sensor is especially designed for c_p determination and exhibits outstanding sensitivity. Even the weakest of effects such as iron solid-solid transitions can clearly be detected. Melting occurs at 1534 °C (onset).



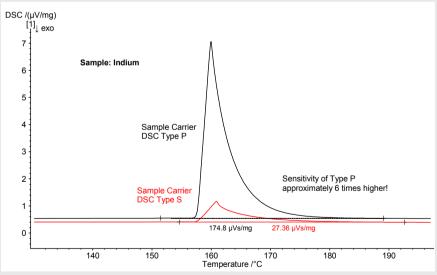
DSC and DTA type S sensor comparison



DSC measurement of an iron disk up to 1650°C



DSC sensor types E and S comparison



Comparison of DSC sensor types P and S

DSC Sensor Types E and S

DSC sensor types E, K and P allow measurements with extremely high sensitivity.

DSC type S and B sensors have the advantage of a wide temperature range and a short time constant.

The DSC signal in the lower temperature range is approx. 15 times higher for sensor type E than for type S. On the other hand, the resolution of type S is very high.

DSC Sensor Types P and S

In the lower temperature range up to 1000°C, the DSC sensor type P has excellent sensitivity and well-pronounced resolution compared to the high-temperature sensor type S. The latter is designed for measurements up to 1650°C. Its sensitivity increases with temperature.

This example shows that the DSC sensor type P is a good alternative to the DSC sensors type E and K (max. 700°C/800°C in an inert atmosphere) when temperatures up to 1000°C are required.

Tungsten for Highest Temperature Applications

Basic Requirements for Highest Temperature Applications

For applications at very high temperatures, critical hardware issues have to be resolved. Ceramic insulation materials become electrically conductive, thermocouple wires become very brittle, and for most materials, a potentially high level of vapor pressure needs to be taken into consideration. Additionally, metallic parts are sensitive to oxygen and the heat transfer is dominated by conduction and radiation. These problems have certain consequences for the design of the high-temperature instruments. their sample holders and crucibles by making it necessary to ensure the following:

- No insulation of thermocouples in the hot zone
- Possibility of repairing thermocouples on site
- Free access to the sample holder for loading sample and reference crucibles
- Good vertical upward purge gas flow to take away all vaporized sample products
- Vacuum-tight instrument construction
- Contact between crucible and sample carrier independent of the atmosphere, radiation and temperature condition
- Possibility of covering samples for unchanged radiation behavior

Low-Mass Sample Holder Made of Tungsten

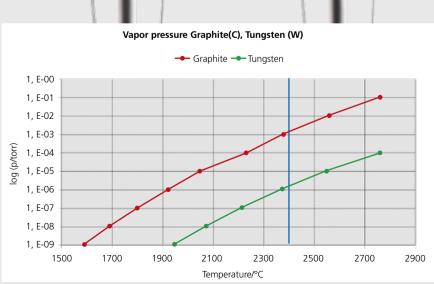
The low-mass tungsten sample holder has well-defined heat flow paths and a split geometry for high calorimetric sensitivity. The conical sample crucible fits safely into the massive sample holder plate. The thermocouple connection is designed such that no welding is necessary. It is thus possible to measure the temperature and DTA signal directly and with high accuracy. Additionally, this sample holder allows for a "crucible-incrucible" arrangement in order to handle critical samples.





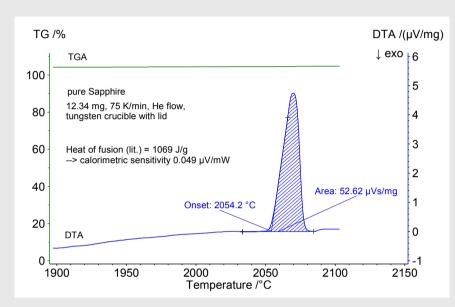
Tungsten – The Material of Choice for Highest-Temperature Measurements

At 2400°C, the vapor pressure of graphite is 10⁻³ Torr, therefore no high vacuum can be applied. The tungsten furnace of the STA 449 *F1 Jupiter*® allows measurements in high vacuum (10⁻⁵ Torr) up to 2400°C. This is essential for clean atmospheres and Knudsen cell tests.





Pure Sapphire at the Highest Temperatures: Tungsten Furnace, Sensor, and Tungsten Crucibles

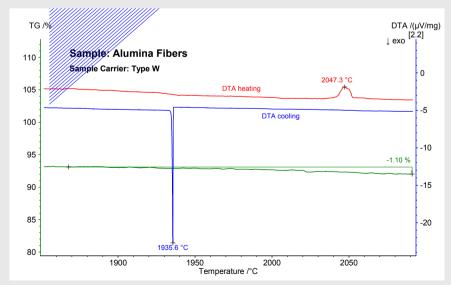


This TGA-DTA measurement on pure sapphire was performed in the tungsten furnace up to 2100°C. The crucibles were closed with lids, both made of tungsten. Melting of the pure material occurred at 2054°C (extrapolated onset). Determination of the calorimetric sensitivity of the TGA-DTA sensor Type W was based on this measurement in a helium atmosphere. The calorimetric sensitivity was determined to be 0.049 µV/mW.

As expected for the pure material, the TGA curve (green) shows no mass loss before and during melting.

Melting of a pure sapphire sample

Alumina Fibers at the Highest Temperatures: Tungsten Sensor and Tungsten Crucibles



Melting and recrystallization of alumina fibers observed in the DTA signal. Small mass loss indicates evaporation of the sample.

Tungsten has a lower vapor pressure compared to graphite and is therefore the material of choice when very high-end temperatures are required. This TGA-DTA measurement was performed with the tungsten furnace and sensor type W3%Re/W25%Re. Alumina fibers (6.8 mg) in the tungsten crucible were heated to 2100°C and then cooled in a helium atmosphere. Upon heating, an endothermic effect occurred at 2047°C (peak temperature) which can be attributed to melting of the alumina fiber sample. Upon cooling, recrystallization occurred at 1936°C (peak temperature). A slight mass loss was detected above 1900°C which was probably due to partial evaporation of the sample.

Special Sample Carriers for Special Applications – OTS®

Oxygen Trap System – OTS®

The OTS® oxygen trap system, for the STA 449 F1/F3 Jupiter® and DSC 404 F1/F3 Pegasus® systems removes traces of residual oxygen in the gas atmosphere inside the instrument. A residual oxygen content of <1ppm can be achieved.

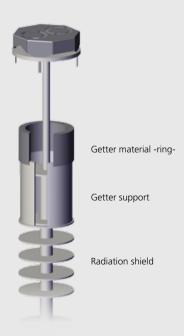
A ceramic substrate bearing a getter ring is mounted on the sample carrier or in the sample carrier tube. This getter ring is capable of almost entirely eliminating the residual oxygen after evacuation.

Such low oxygen concentrations cannot be achieved unless the instrument is vacuum-tight and equipped with an evacuation system. Both of these requirements are fulfilled by the STA 449 **F1/F3** Jupiter® and DSC 404 **F1/F3** Pegasus® systems.

Residual O₂ level is a function of:

- Vacuum tightness of the instrument
- Desorption of O₂ from the walls
- Vacuum tightness of the gas supply
- Purity of the purge gas

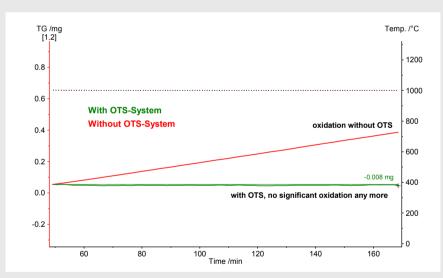
TGA-DSC Sensor





OTS® – for STA 449 F1/F3/F5 Jupiter® and DSC 404 F1/F3 Pegasus®						
Instrument	Order Number					
STA – OTS® getter support and ring	HTP40000A97.010-00					
DSC – OTS® getter support and ring	HTP40000A98.010-00					
STA/DSC – getter ring (for ordering separately)	NGB809270					

Please note: The OTS® system can be used with all sensor types. Restrictions may occur with sensor type P when used with the steel and silver furnace. Please contact your sales & service representative for details.



STA measurement of zirconium under isothermal conditions

Oxidation of Zirconium

In this example, a zirconium sample (190.0 mg) was measured with the STA 449 *F1 Jupiter*® in a helium atmosphere under isothermal conditions (1000°C).

After three hours, oxidation of the Zr sample (red curve) led to a total mass increase of approx. 0.38 mg when no OTS® was used.

When the OTS® system was applied to the sample carrier for a measurement on the same sample mass, however, no significant oxidation occurred (green curve). The mass increase was determined to amount to only 0.008 mg.

Special Sample Carriers for Special Applications – Hanging Samples

Large Sample Surface – Excellent Atmospheric Access

The special TGA sample carrier and TGA-DTA sensor for hanging or suspended samples allow perfect access to all sample surfaces by the atmosphere.

These Al_2O_3 sample carriers and sensors with Al_2O_3 frame are available for the STA 449 **F1IF3IF5** Jupiter® systems (TGA order no. HTP4000A60.000-00; TGA-DTA order no. HTP4000A61.000-00).

The sample carrier is easy to handle and allows selection of the hanging wires according to the sample properties.

Advantages of the Sample Carrier for Hanging Samples

- Sample can be hung down directly
- Bendable thermocouple type S
- Improved contact between the sample and purge gas
- Sample dimensions up to 13 x 20 mm
- Very slow mass increase detectable (μg/hour range)
- Long-term signal stability, typical drift less than 0.1µg/h
- Choice of atmosphere:
 - O₂
 - Corrosive
 - Controlled humidity



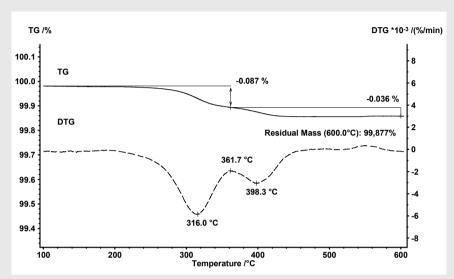


TGA-DTA sensor for hanging samples

TGA Measurement of a Hanging Coated Glass Sample

In this example, two sheets of a coated glass sample were pierced and fixed into the special TGA sample holder for suspended samples. The total sample mass amounted to 274.99 mg. The two sheets were heated up to 600°C in synthetic air (heating rate 5 K/min).

The improved contact between the sample surface and purge gas resulted in the detection of very weak mass-loss steps at 316°C (0.087%) and 398°C (0.036%).



Mass-loss behavior of coated glass sheets



Calibration

Calibration is a fundamental requirement for thermoanalytical investigations. The knowledge of a quantitatively defined relationship between the value indicated by the measuring instrument and the correct value is essential.

Calibration of modern Differential Scanning Calorimeters (DSC) and Simultaneous Thermal Analyzers (STA) is achieved by quantification of the produced signal when a known quantity of energy is generated within the system.

The calibration procedure consists of measuring thermal properties of

standard materials which are well known

Experimental conditions of calibration and measurement should be matched as closely as possible: not only the quantity of energy to be measured must be similar but the site and kinetics of the generation and temperature range should be as close as possible in both calibration and measurement experiments.

All the results of subsequent measurements depend on the validity of the calibration. Therefore, it is mandatory to carefully carry out all calibration procedures.

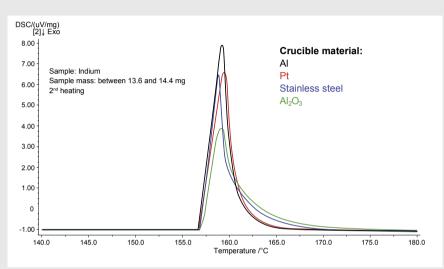
Thermal Conductivity of Crucible

Type of Instrument

DSC/TGA CALIBRATION INFLUENCING FACTORS

Kind & Dimension of Crucible

Mass of Sample



Indium measurements in different crucible materials

Crucible Selection

DSC and STA (TGA-DSC/DTA) measurements are strongly influenced by the crucible material. The measurements shown here on indium in Al, Pt, stainless steel and Al₂O₃ crucibles clearly demonstrate that both the thermal conductivity and the mass of the crucible have an effect on the DSC and DTA peak shape. The calibration procedures take these effects into consideration and eliminate the influence of the crucible material on the measurement results.

Heating & Cooling Rate

Type of Cooling System

Type & Flow Rate of Purge Gas

Calibration Materials and Kits

Calibration Materials

Reference materials must be homogeneous and stable, and the certified values must be accurate. Finding a material that can be used as a reference for more than one property is one of the goals of current research. Various calibration kits and individual standards are available for each thermoanalytical method presented (DSC, TGA and STA) allowing the instrument to be calibrated across its entire temperature range and allowing for the use of different crucible types. The table gives an overview of possible combinations of calibration and crucible materials.

Calibration Materials											
						Crucik	ole Mat	erials			
			Al ₂ O ₃	С	SiO ₂	Al	Ag	Au	Stain- less Steel	Pt	W
	C ₁₀ H ₁₆	-64.5°C	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	H ₂ O	0.0°C	-	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-
	Biphenyl	69.2°C	✓			✓				✓	
	RbNO ₃	164.2°C	!			✓	✓	✓		✓	
ature	Benzoic acid	122.4°C	✓			✓				✓	
npera	In	156.6°C	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	!	✓	!	
on Ter	Sn	231.9°C	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	-	!	-	
ınsitic	Ві	271.4°C	✓			✓	-	-	✓	-	✓
Common Calibration Materials/Phase Transition Temperature	KCIO ₄	300.8°C	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓	
s/Pha	Pb	327.5°C	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	-	✓	-	!
terial	Zn	419.5°C	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	-	-	-	✓
n Ma	Ag ₂ SO ₄	426.4°C	✓			✓			-	✓	
oratio	CsCl	476.0°C	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Calik	Li ₂ SO ₄	578.0°C	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	
nomi	Al	660.3°C	✓	✓	!	-	-	-	-	-	✓
S	K ₂ CrO ₄	668.0°C	✓			-	✓		-	✓	
	BaCO ₃	808.0°C	✓		-	-	-		-	✓	
	Ag	961.8°C	✓	✓	✓	-	-	-	-	-	✓
	Au	1064.2°C	✓	-	✓	-	-	-	-	-	✓
	Ni	1455.0°C	!	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

- ✓ No solubility or effects on the melting temperature expected
- Corrosion reactions possible with negligible changes in the melting temperature
- Melt or transformation product reacts with the crucible material. Changes in the melting temperature can be expected.
- ☐ Compatibility unknown



Calibration Kits for DSC and DTA

Various calibration kits for different temperature ranges, methods, and crucible materials are available. The following tables show the common calibration kits for DSC and DTA measurements with their order numbers, materials transition temperatures (e.g., melting point), lid perforation, and compatibility with crucible material. These kits are used for temperature and enthalpy calibration.

Mass calibration of the TGA systems can usually be done automatically with an internal weight. For temperature calibration via the *c-DTA*® feature, the DSC/DTA calibration kits can be used.

Reference Materials for the STA 2500 Regulus					
Transition (°C)	Mat	erial		Quantity	Single Order No.
156.6	Indium	In	Granules	5 g	J1560142
231.9	Tin	Sn	Granules	5 g	J1560143
327.5	Lead	Pb	Granules	5 g	J1560144
660.3	Aluminum	Al	Wire	0.1 g	J1560296
1064.2	Gold	Au	Wire	2.5 cm	J1560209
2072	Alumina	Al ₂ O ₃	Powder	50 cc	J1560146

DSC Sets for C _p , Sensitivity and Enthalpy Calibration				
Material	Disc ø	Thickness	For crucible type	Order No.
Sapphire	6 mm	0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1.0 mm	Metallic	6.235.1-91.1.00
Sapphire	5.2 mm	0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1.0 mm	Al_2O_3	6.235.1-91.2.00
Sapphire	4 mm	0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1.0 mm	Cold-weldable Al crucibles	6.239.2-91.5.00

DSC/DTA Set* for the Use in Al ₂ O ₃ Crucibles Individual Substances in Glass Vials Order No.: 6.223.5-91.3.00				
Transition (°C)	Mat	erial	Quantity	Single Order No.
156.6	Indium	In	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.01
231.9	Tin	Sn	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.02
271.4	Bismuth	Ві	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.04
419.5	Zinc	Zn	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.03
660.3	Aluminum wire	Al	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.05
961.8	Silver wire	Ag	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.06
1064.2	Gold wire	Au	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.07
1455.0	Nickel wire	Ni	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.08

^{*} Standard set can be used with high-pressure DSC

Calibration Materials and Kits

DSC Standard Set* – Substances in Sealed Al Crucibles Order No.: 6.239.2-91.3.00 (Volume 25 µl, sample mass minimum 10 mg) For HP-DSC also Transition (°C) Material Pierced lid Single Order No. -64.5 Adamantane** n/a $C_{10}H_{16}$ 156.6 Indium In n/a 231.9 Tin Sn n/a

Zn

CsCl

Bismuth

Zinc

Cesium chloride

271.4

419.5

476.0

n/a

n/a

n/a

DSC Standard Set* – Crucibles Made of Al		Order No. DSC21400B00.913-00		
Transition (°C)	Mat	erial	Pierced lid	Single Order No.
-64.5	Adamantane**	C ₁₀ H ₁₆	X	n/a
156.6	Indium	In	Χ	n/a
231.9	Tin	Sn	Χ	n/a
271.4	Bismuth	Ві	Χ	n/a
419.5	Zinc	Zn	Χ	n/a
476.0	Cesium chloride	CsCl	Χ	n/a

^{*} Standard set can be used with high-pressure DSC

^{**} HP-DSC: only atmospheric pressure

DSC Low Pressure Set – Substances in Al Low-Pressure Crucibles	Order No.: 6.240.10-90.3.00
(Volume 35 µl, max. 3 bar, sample mass minimum 10 mg)	

Transition (°C)	Material		Pierced lid	Single Order No.
-64.5	Adamantane	C ₁₀ H ₁₆		n/a
156.6	Indium	In	Х	n/a
231.9	Tin	Sn	X	n/a
271.4	Bismuth	Ві	X	n/a
419.5	Zinc	Zn	X	n/a
476.0	Cesium chloride	CsCl	Х	n/a

DSC High-Pressure Set – Substances in CrNi Steel Crucibles Order No.: 6.240.1-91.4.00 (Volume 27 μl, max. 100 bar, sample mass minimum 10 mg)

Transition (°C)	Material		Pierced lid	Single Order No.
-64.5	Adamantane	C ₁₀ H ₁₆		n/a
156.6	Indium	In		n/a
231.9	Tin	Sn		n/a
271.4	Bismuth	Bi		n/a
419.5	Zinc	Zn		n/a
476.0	Cesium chloride	CsCl		n/a

^{*} Standard set can be used with high-pressure DSC

^{**} HP-DSC: only atmospheric pressure



DSC High-Pressure Set – Substances in CrNi Steel Crucibles (Volume 100 μl, sample mass minimum 10 mg)			Order No.: 6.240.1-91.5.00	
Transition (°C)	Mat	erial	Pierced lid	Single Order No.
-64.5	Adamantane	C ₁₀ H ₁₆		n/a
156.6	Indium	In		n/a
231.9	Tin	Sn		n/a
271.4	Bismuth	Bi		n/a
476.0	Cesium chloride	CsCl		n/a

	re Set – Substances in C k. 20 bar, sample mass n	Ord	er No.: 6.240.1-91.6.00	
Transition (°C)	Ma	terial	Pierced lid	Single Order No.
-64.5	Adamantane	C ₁₀ H ₁₆		n/a
0.0	Water	H ₂ O		n/a
156.6	Indium	In		n/a
231.9	Tin	Sn		n/a

DSC μ-Sensor Set* –	Substances in Al Crucib	Orde	er No.: 6.240.3-91.3.00	
Transition (°C)	Material		Pierced lid	Single Order No.
-64.5	Adamantane	C ₁₀ H ₁₆		n/a
156.6	Indium	In	Х	n/a
231.9	Tin	Sn	Х	n/a
271.4	Bismuth	Ві	Х	n/a

^{*} Calibration set only for DSC $\emph{\textbf{F1}}$ with $\mu\text{-sensor}$

DSC/DTA Set for the Use in Al ₂ O ₃ Crucibles, Individual Substances in Glass Vials Order No.: 6.223.5-91.1.00					
Transition (°C)	Mat	erial	Quantity	Single Order No.	
-64.5	Adamantane (Powder)	C ₁₀ H ₁₆	400 mg	6.217.1-92.1.09	
156.6	Indium	In	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.01	
231.9	Tin	Sn	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.02	
271.4	Bismuth	Bi	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.04	
419.5	Zinc	Zn	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.03	
476.0	Cesium chloride	CsCl	400 mg (for individual order, vial contains 500 mg)	6.223.5-91.2.05	
660.3	Al wire	Al	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.05	

Calibration Materials and Kits

DSC/DTA Individual Substances in Glass Vials for Use in Pt Crucibles					
Transition (°C)	Mat	erial	Quantity	Single Order No.	
69.2	Biphenyl*	C ₁₂ H ₁₀	500 mg	6.223.5-91.2.01	
122.4	Benzoic acid	C ₆ H ₅ COOH	500 mg	6.223.5-91.2.02	
164.2	Rubidium nitrate*	RbNO₃	500 mg	6.223.5-91.2.03	
300.8	Potassium perchlorate*	KCIO ₄	500 mg	6.223.5-91.2.04	
426.2	Silver sulfate	AgSO ₄	500 mg	6.223.5-91.2.08	
476.0	Cesium chloride	CsCl	500 mg	6.223.5-91.2.05	
668.0	Potassium chromate*	K ₂ CrO ₄	500 mg	6.223.5-91.2.06	
808.0	Barium carbonate	Ba CO ₃	500 mg	6.223.5-91.2.07	

^{*} Hazardous material

Calibration Kits for TGA and STA

Temperature Calibration via Magnetic Transitions	
TG 209 F1 Libra®, TG 209 F3 Tarsus	Order Number
6 Curie Standards	6.221.2-91.1.00
Calibration supplement for magnetic transition	6.220.10-93.1.00
STA 449 F1/F3 Jupiter®	Order Number
6 Curie Standards	6.221.2-91.1.00
Calibration supplement for magnetic transition	HTP40000A96.010-00

Verification of Mass Changes for STA 449 *F1/F3/F5 Jupiter®* and TG 209 *F1 Libra® / F3 Tarsus® -* Substance in Glass Vial

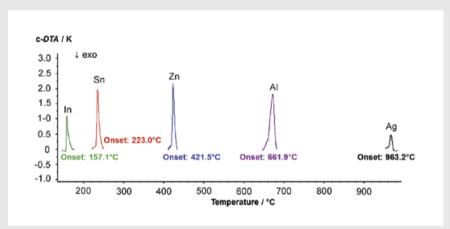
Material		Quantity	Single Order No.
Calcium oxalate monohydrate	C ₂ H ₂ CaO ₅	2 g	6.223.5-91.2.10

c-DTA® Set (TGA) for the Use in Al ₂ O ₃ Crucibles, Substances in Glass Vials Order No.: 6.221.5-91.1.0						
Transition (°C)	Mat	erial	Quantity	Single Order No.		
156.6	Indium	In	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.01		
231.9	Tin	Sn	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.02		
271.4	Bismuth	Bi	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.04		
419.5	Zinc	Zn	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.03		
660.3	Aluminum wire (ø 1 mm)	Al	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.05		
961.8	Silver wire (ø 0.5 mm)	Ag	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.06		

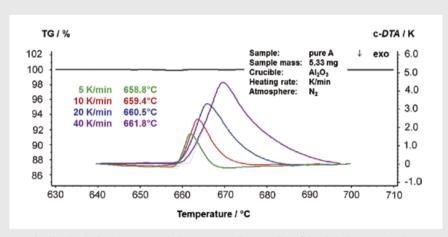


c-DTA® Set* (TGA) fo	or the Use in Al ₂ O ₃ Crucik	Vials Order	No.: TGA209F1D91.010-00	
Transition (°C)	Material		Quantity	Single Order No.
156.6	Indium	In	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.01
231.9	Tin	Sn	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.02
271.4	Bismuth	Bi	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.04
419.5	Zinc	Zn	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.03
660.3	Aluminum wire (ø 1 mm)	Al	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.05
961.8	Silver wire (ø 0.5 mm)	Ag	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.06
1064.2	Gold (ø 1.0 mm)	Au	400 mg	6.223.5-91.3.07

^{*} This calibration set is recommended for the TG 209 F1 Libra®



There are various reference materials which can be used for c-DTA® calibration routines.



c-DTA® calibration in the TG 209 **F1** and **F3** systems. Excellent coupling of the Platinel sensor with the crucible guarantees that the influence of the heating rate will be small.

Chemical Behavior of Pt, Al₂O₃ and Graphite Crucibles and Sensors



Environmental Effects: Chemical Behavior of Crucibles and Sensors Made of Pt, Al,O $_3$ and C

In practice, the service life of sensors (thermocouples) and crucibles is most heavily impacted by interactions with the environment. Diffused impurities, released from the samples, change the thermal tension or may even cause initial cracking of the thermocouple wire and crucible wall.

The following tables give some details on the chemical compatibility of Pt, Al₂O₃ and C thermocouples and crucibles with other sample materials and gas atmospheres.

The following lists also serve to illustrate how important regular inspections and calibration measurements are.

These overviews are not exhaustive, but meant rather as a guideline for the user. The temperatures given are primarily literature values. Temperatures under test conditions might shift to lower values. It is always advisable to run preliminary tests in separate furnaces.

Chemical Behavior of Platinum (Pt)		
Critical	No resistance	Limited resistance
 Halogens (Cl₂, F₂, Br₂), aqua regia Li₂CO₃, prior to emission of CO₂ PbO, FeCl₂ Be alloys (evaporation) HCI with oxidants (e.g., chromic acid, manganates, iron (III) and molten salts); reducing atmospheres Metals and metal vapors (e.g., B, Pb, Zn, Sn, Ag, Au, Li, Na, K, Sb, Bi, Ni, Fe, etc.; Se > 320°C (evaporation) Metals and metal oxides with reducing substances such as C, organic compounds or H₂ Oxides in an inert gas atmosphere at higher temperatures (reduction) Sulfur (roughening of the surface, embrittlement) Alkali hydroxides, -carbonates, -sulfates, -cyanides and rhodanides at higher temperatures KHSO₄ at higher temperatures Carbon black or free carbon >1000°C SiO₂ under reducing conditions SiC and Si₃N₄ >1000°C (release of elementary Si) HBr, KCI solution at high temperatures 	 Mixtures of KNO₃ and NaOH at 700°C under exclusion of air Mixtures of KOH and K₂S at 700°C under exclusion of air LiCl at 600°C; MgCl₂, Ba(NO₃)₂ at 700°C HBr, HI, H₂O₂ (30%); HNO₃ at 100°C KCI decomposition products which form during melting at 768°C 	 KHF₂, LiF₂, NaCl at 900°C Mixtures of NaOH and NaNO₃ at 700°C under exclusion of air



Chemical Behavior of Alumina (Al,O,)

Critical

- N₂ in the presence of carbon (formation of AIN; not recommended to measure carbon black in N₂ atmosphere at elevated temperatures)
- F₂: formation of AIF₃ and O₂
 Cl₂: formation of AICl₃ at >700°C
- Sulfur: no reaction with liquid sulfur; formation of sulfides occur in the presence of carbon in the gas phase
- H₂S: when heated, formation of Al₂S₃
- C: formation of carbides and Al above 1400°C
- HF: reaction to AIF₃ and H₂O at higher temperatures
- CuSO₄: above 1000°C, diffusion through the bottom of the crucible
- Compounds containing Si, e.g., MoSi,; contamination of $Al_{2}O_{3} > 1200^{\circ}C$
- Metal fluorides: formation of [AIF₆]⁻³ anions and salts similar to cryolites
- SiO₂ glass: melt dissolves Al₂O₃
- Hydrogen sulfates of alkaline metals and alkaline-earth metals
- HCI: above 600°C, reactions in the presence of carbon
- B₂O₃ (Borax): melt dissolves Al₂O₃; formation of Al-borates and -borides
- Alkaline and alkaline-earth oxides and their salts with volatile anions; important for hydroxides, nitrides, nitrates, carbonates, peroxides, etc.
- CaC₂: when heated, formation of Al₄C₂
- PbO: reaction above 700°C
- UO₃: reaction starts at 450°C
- Me^{II}O: Me= Fe²⁺, Cu²⁺, Ni²⁺, etc., formation of spinels, CaO formation above 1200°C
- Alkaline and alkaline-earth ferrites: melt dissolves Al₂O₃
- Ti-alloys (very high oxygen affinity)
- Reactions with Fe-Ni- and Mg-alloys possible at higher temperatures

Chemical Behavior of Graphite (C)

Critical

- O₂: reaction above 400°C
- N₂: reaction starting at 1700°C (formation of small amounts of cyanides)
- Oxides
- Water vapor
- F₂, Br₂: reaction at room temperature
- Sulfur
- Si: formation of SiC at approx. 1400°C
- Chromic acid
- Chlorosulfonic acid ClSo₃H
- SiO₂: formation of SiC: formation of SiC via intermediate product SiO (technical production of SiC above 1800°C; however, reaction between SiO₂ and C begins at lower temperature).
- Nitrous gases (NO, NO₃)
- Sulfuric acid, H₂SO₄: concentrated acid critical above 150°C, fuming acid already at room temperature
- Nitric acid, HNO₃: diluted acid critical at 90°C, fuming acid already at room temperature
- SO₃: critical above 100°C
- Danger of explosion with perchloric acid, HClO₄
- NaOCI: critical above 50°C



Material Compatibility – Sample in Crucible

Material Compatibility

The right crucible must always be chosen for the given experiment.
Crucible materials should be specially selected depending on the application and sample materials in order to prevent reactions between the sample and crucible.

These tables serve to indicate which of the common crucible types can be used for each application, including ceramics, metals, inorganics and other more general applications.

General Applications						
Materials/ Crucible Types	Pt/Rh	Al ₂ O ₃	Al	Pt+Al ₂ O ₃ liner	Al ₂ O ₃ crucible sprayed with Y ₂ O ₃	Graphite
Clays	✓	√ *	✓	√ *	√ *	No
Minerals	✓	√ *	✓	√ *	√*	No
Oxide ceramics	✓	√ *	✓	√ *	√*	No
Salts	✓	No	✓	No	No	No
Glasses	✓	No	✓	No	No	√ *
Metals	No**	✓	No	✓	✓	No
Polymers	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Carbon materials	√ *	√ *	✓	√ *	√*	✓
Inorganics	√ *	√ *	√ *	√ *	√*	√ *

Ceramics						
Materials/ Crucible Types	Pt/Rh	Al ₂ O ₃	Al	Pt+Al ₂ O ₃ liner	Al ₂ O ₃ crucible sprayed with Y ₂ O ₃	Graphite
Alumina (Al ₂ O ₃)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√ *
Zirconia (ZrO ₂)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√ *
Y ₂ O ₃ or MgO	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√ *
Silicon dioxide (SiO ₂)	✓	No	✓	No	No	No
Silicon nitride (Si ₃ N ₄)	No	√ *	✓	√ *	√ *	√*
Aluminum nitride (AIN)	√ *	√ *	√ *	√ *	√ *	√ *
Boron nitride (BN)	√ *	√*	√*	√ *	√ *	√ *
Silicon carbide (SiC)	No	√ *		√ *	√ *	√ *
Titanium oxide (TiO ₂)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√ *



Metals						
Materials/ Crucible Types	Pt/Rh	Al ₂ O ₃	Al	Pt+Al ₂ O ₃ liner	Al ₂ O ₃ crucible sprayed with Y ₂ O ₃	Graphite
Al and Al-alloys	No**	✓	No	✓	✓	✓
Mg and Mg-alloys	No**	√ *	No	√ *	√*	✓
Cu and Cu-alloys	No**	✓	No	✓	√*	✓
Fe and Fe-alloys	No**	√ *	No	√ *	✓	No
Ni and Ni-alloys	No**	√ *	No	√ *	✓	No
Ti and Ti-alloys	No**	√ *	No	√ *	✓	No
Sn and Sn-alloys	No**	✓	No	✓	✓	✓
Au- and Ag-alloys	No**	✓	No	✓	✓	√ *
Cr-, Mo-, Co-alloys	No**	√ *	No	√ *	✓	No

Inorganics						
Materials/ Crucible Types	Pt/Rh	Al ₂ O ₃	Al	Pt+Al ₂ O ₃ liner	Al ₂ O ₃ crucible sprayed with Y ₂ O ₃	Graphite
Silicon	No	No	✓	No	No	√ *
Iron oxide	✓	No	✓	No	No	No
Lead oxide	No	√ *	√ *	√ *	√ *	No
Magnesium fluoride	✓	No	✓	No	No	No information
Calcium fluoride	✓	No	✓	No	No	✓
Copper oxide	✓	No	✓	No	No	No
Graphites	√*	√*	√ *	√ *	√*	✓
Carbonates	✓	√*	✓	√ *	√*	No
Sulphates	✓	√ *	✓	√*	√ *	No

- ✓ No reaction expected
- ✓* Reactions possible at high temperatures
- No** Not recommended; reactions may occur prior to or during melting. This could lead to damage to the crucible and/or sensor. Extreme caution advised.

Recommendations for Cleaning Al₂O₃ and Pt Crucibles

Recommendations for Cleaning Al₂O₃ and Pt Crucibles

In most cases, the majority of ceramic and metallic crucibles and their lids can be reused many times. In order to ensure a long lifetime of proper use, the following cleaning recommendations are given for the most common crucibles, made of alumina (Al_2O_3) and platinum (Pt).





Acids must be handled very carefully under a fume hood. Use protective glasses, gloves and apron and read the MSD sheets. Acids should only ever be handled by a person experienced in the handling of chemicals.

All acids (especially HF) are very dangerous and can cause extremely serious injuries or death if they come in contact with the skin or are inhaled.

Work with acids is at the user's own risk. NETZSCH can assume no liability for damage or injury resulting from the use of acids.



Al,O, Crucibles

- Contamination with organics (polymers, organic pyrolysis products, carbon black, etc.)
 Heat crucibles in air or oxygen to approx. 900°C to burn off the organics.
 If there are oxide fillers present, be careful with the end temperature, as there might be a reaction with alumina (lower the temperature and work in oxygen). Use a separate furnace, if available.
- Contamination with metals and alloys

 Clean with HCl acid (concentration 25% or higher). If there is no reaction with the contaminant, heat the beaker with the acid. If HCl alone does not work, use a mixture of HCl/HNO₃ (1:1) (both concentrated). This may be heated as well.
- Oxides and other salts

 Some salts are water soluble. Boil the crucibles in distilled water.

 Use HCI or a mixture of HCI/HNO₃
 (1:1) (both concentrated).

 Oxides are often very stable or have already reacted with the alumina. It could easily be the case that it is impossible to remove the deposits. In that case, the crucible must be discarded. HF dissolves oxides, but also the alumina.

Following these cleaning procedures, rinse the crucibles several times with distilled water and let them dry at room temperature. Then heat them in a separate furnace in air to 1500°C.

Pt Crucibles

- Contamination with organics (polymers, etc.)
 Heat crucibles in air or oxygen to approx. 900°C to burn off the organics. If oxide fillers are present, attempt to remove them mechanically or use HF (see next procedure).
- Contamination with metals and alloys

 There is often no way of removing metals, as Pt will alloy with most metals at higher temperatures.

 However, make an attempt with HCl acid (concentration 25% or higher). If there is no reaction with the contaminant, try heating the beaker with the acid.

 Do not use a mixture of HCl/HNO₃ (1:1). This would also dissolve the Pt!
- Oxides and other salts

 Some salts are water soluble. Boil the crucibles in distilled water.

 Most oxides can be dissolved in HF. In some cases, it is helpful to warm the acid.

 Some salts can be dissolved in HCI.

Notes





The NETZSCH Group is a mid-sized, family-owned German company engaging in the manufacture of machinery and instrumentation with worldwide production, sales, and service branches.

The three Business Units – Analyzing & Testing, Grinding & Dispersing and Pumps & Systems – provide tailored solutions for highest-level needs. Over 3,400 employees at 210 sales and production centers in 35 countries across the globe guarantee that expert service is never far from our customers.

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